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NTATION BITTERS.
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bottle a I have tak n with the
without regard to age e ring of
mmended a delicate purgative
Sold by all Druggists
Only genuine when Cook's
S Stamp Beware of coun
P H DRAKE & CO
21 Park Row New York
eland General Agts for Oregon

agnolia Water.
Ladies treasure and gentlemen s
ng as d largest quantity Mas
Southern Magnol a Used for
ps, to purify the clothing de
mant odor of perspiration
blotches, &c
ne and allays inflammation
ds delicacy to the skin.
leaving no lime
s and stings of insects.
injurious to the skin
hould have Sold everywhere
once, and you will use no other
Colle Water afterwards
BERMAS BARNES & CO
Exclusive Agents, New York
the Pacific Coast.

g Liniment.
ould ever insure the success met
Liniment. For Rheumatism,
s, Burns, Swellings, etc., upon
s, Boil Evil Scratches, Strains,
ets are instantaneously, soothing
those suffering and expensive
Home genuine unless in a
nature of G W Westbrook, and
ERMAS & Co over the top

Kathairon.
most delightful article as a Hair
eant and dandruff, to keep it
d the head cool It also pre-
ng off and turning gray, and pro-
Dreamlessly bald heads It is
E. THOMAS LYON, N Y

t Jamaica Ginger.
E JAMAICA GINGER—for Indiges-
Sick Headache, Cholera Mor
rs a warming stimulant is re-
eration and entire purity make
cle for culinary purposes. Sold
er bottle. Ask for 'Lyon s'
ther.
private U S stamp of Lyon
bottle. None other is genuine.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VI PORTLAND, OREGON: MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1867. NO 2

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week Single copies, 12½ cents By Mail or Express to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.

ADVERTISING at liberal rates

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from Front

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L P FISHER, 629 Washington Street, San Francisco

Business Cards.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
(Successors to A. M. & L. M. Starr)
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Stoves, Tin-Plate, Sheet Iron,
Copper Wire, Zinc, Tin and
JAPANNED WARE,
Agents for CLifTON & McFARLAND'S celebrated
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
Corner Front and Stark Streets,
ap13 PORTLAND, OREGON. 1y

D. M. M'KENNEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
ap13 dlptf

M. PATRICK BULL,
Attorney-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

OFFICE—WITH JUDGE A. E. WAITE, FRONT ST., between Yamhill and Taylor, west side, over Woodward's Drug Store Collections and all legal business promptly and faithfully attended to ap24tf

H. C. STARTY

STERNS & SMALL,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
Will practice their profession in the various Courts of Oregon and adjacent Territories
Collections made, and all kinds of legal business attended to with dispatch.
Claims against the United States Government promptly attended to
H. C. STARTY Notary Public.
OFFICE, No. 10, Carter's New Brick Building corner of Front and Alder streets dec24dtf

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.
DRS. HAWTHORNE & LORYEA,
PHYSICIANS & PROPRIETORS.
For sale at Drs. Chapman and Watkins,
Corner of Front and Washington Streets,
ja1 PORTLAND dtf

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PRODUCE,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
NUTS OF ALL KINDS,
SEGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,
Yankee Notions, &c.,
FIRE CRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and Green Sea Island CORAL always on hand.
Also, Miller & Lambert's FLOWER MISCELLANEOUS, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS
Corner of Front and Washington Sts.,
Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon.
P S—Orders promptly filled. nov28tf

Albert M. Snyder,
GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT,
96 Front Street, East Side.
PORTLAND, OREGON
Prosecutes Claims before the various Departments of the Government dtm

JOS. KELLY. W. S. SHERWOOD.
DALY & STEVENS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS, COLLECTORS AND General Agents.
OFFICE First Floor Vaughn's Brick, Corner of Morrison and Front streets Portland, Oregon.
Particular attention given to the adjustment of accounts.
Legal and other Documents transcribed at short notice
dec28dtf

To the Citizens of Oregon!
A. H. FRANCIS,
Having many years a Merchant in Portland, has opened a Commission House in Victoria, V. I., for the sale of all kinds of flour, grain, bacon, butter, eggs, apples, &c., &c. All those having such articles to dispose of, and are desirous of turning them speedily into cash, at fair prices, will be accommodated by shipping to A. H. F. Victoria, V. I. My well known reputation as a merchant in Portland, and my acquaintances and large trade in Victoria since 1859, will, I venture to say, be sufficient guarantee that every attention to quick and safe sales, and prompt returns, subject to the order of the consignor, will be strictly adhered to. My business shall be strictly CASH; I would recommend shippers to ship the best quality of articles.
Victoria
A. H. FRANCIS.

THE OLD
Franklin Market,
Corner of First and Taylor Streets,
STILL CONTINUES TO KEEP constantly on hand the BEST supply of Meats in the city, consisting in part of
BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, VEAL, VENISON, POULTRY and COUNTRY MEATS of all kinds, which they are willing to sell cheap for cash, both WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
TIDD, WYMAN & CO.,
ja4dtf Proprietors.

Printing Paper
FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand.

32x42.	24x36.
28x42.	24x34.
26x32.	22x32.

Also, 900 lbs. NEWS INK, in 50 lb kegs.
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington Street, Portland

LUMBER YARD!
SUTTON & CO.
WHARF FOOT OF ALDER STREET,
Dealers in Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Redwood Lumber.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL kinds of Lumber at the market rates. Seasoned constantly on hand. feb9tf

HARDWARE,
Direct from England,
AND THE BEST MANUFACTURERS OF THE States For sale by
H. W. CORBETT.

Fair Warning.
THE TAX PAYERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 1 can save costs by calling at my office, No 11 Washington street, and paying their tax before the 20th day of this month
jan. 3, 1867
L M PARRISH
jan4dtf School Clerk

Notice.
THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Samuel B Smith and L P W Quimby in the hotel business in this day dissolved by mutual consent Parties having claims against the House are requested to present them on or before the 10th inst Those indebted will please call and settle with either party
SAM'L B SMITH,
L P W QUIMBY.
Portland, Jan. 1st, 1867 jan2dtf

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWING Machine within One Thousand Miles of this Office that is not working well, it will be attended to if I am informed of it, without expense to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, General Agent, 111 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
nov28dawlpSm

Banking.
THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000!
HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON
BRANCHES
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.
AGENCIES,
NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and F. GUNDRY, (Agents for Bank of Montreal)
IN CANADA:
BANK OF MONTREAL.
Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Whitby,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Cobourg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Ottawa,	Perth,
Hamilton,	Brantford,	Guelph,	Simcoe,
London,	Brockville,	Goderich,	St Catharines

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.
IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances over $1,000
DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing Interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.
BILLS Discounted and Collected; and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies, and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorising payment for Goods shipped to Portland
GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
Portland February 1, 1866 ja10 40tf

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.
OCCIDENTAL INSURANCE CO.
Directors:

J A. DONOHOE	of Donohoe, Kelly & Co
JACOB SCHOLLE	of Scholle Bros
IRA P RANKIN	of Goddard & Co
JOHN SIMS	of John Sims & Co
ADAM GRANT	of Murphy, Grant & Co.
JACOB GREENBAUM	of H Cohn & Co
J. Y. HALLOCK	of J. Y Hallock & Co
SOLOMON RICH	of S Rich & Bro
BENJ BREWSTER	of Jennings & Brewster
J BLUM	of Blum & Bro
ISAAC HECHT	of Hecht Bros & Co
JOS SELLER	of Goldstein & Seller
JOHN M RIDDON	of Coffey & Riddon
THOMAS DAY	Merchant.
MORRIS SPEYER	Merchant.
HENRY GREENBERG	Real Estate.
N. VAN BERGEN	of John Van Bergen & Co
JNO. R. MEAD	J & R. Mead
J W. BRITTAN	of J W Britton & Co
CHR. CHRISTIANSEN	of J. Hallock & Co President
LEWIS GEBERT	of Louis Sloss & Co
JOHN LANDERS	Agent Manhattan Life Ins. Co
MARTIN SACHS	of L. & M. Sachs & Co
A. KLINE	of Kline & Co
A. GOLDSMITH	of Goldsmith & Bro
ISAAC WORMSER	of Wormser Bros
JAMES THOMAS BOYD	Attorney at Law
SIDN BERMAN	Merchant
W W DODGE	of Dodge & Phillips
C. MEYER	of C. Meyer & Co
A. J. BOWIE	Physician

E. GOLDSMITH, Agent,
oct28dtf Portland, Oregon.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
CAPITAL, (PAID UP IN FULL,)
$1,000,000!
INSURES BRICK, FRAME AND OTHER BUILDings, Merchandize, Furniture, and other Insurable Property against Loss or Damage caused by Fire, on the most favorable terms
Losses Promptly Paid in Gold Coin.
INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Attorney DENEY, JOHN G. BRAY. GEORGE W GREEN, RICHARD G SHARP, JOSEPH A. DONOHOE, HENRY PIERCE
President —WILLIAM PIERCE
Vice-President —D W. C. THOMPSON
Secretary,—W. W. WIGGINS
Office, No. 408, Montgomery Street, Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco
my9dlp6m

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST,
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSITED IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Paid—Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.
GATES T FAY, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary,
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Director.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 73 Front Street, Portland,
Portland, January 16, 1866. dtf

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CAPITAL, $750,000, GOLD COIN.
HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY with the law of the State of Oregon, requiring a deposit of $50,000, invite parties desirous of insuring against loss or damage by fire, to patronize this HOME INSTITUTION.
DIRECTORS.
SAN FRANCISCO

Louis McLane,	John Wightman,	James DePramery,
W. C Ralston,	G. W Beaver,	J B Bray,
J G Kittle,	Wm Sharon,	J. B Newton,
A. L. Tubbs,	Adam Grant,	H. H. Dodge,
J Mora Moss,	Aldhous Ball,	D Stern
S. C. Bigelow,	S M Wilson,	Herman Michels,
H. Seligman	D J Oliver,	Frederick Billings,
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L. B Benchley,	H Hasenmann,	H F Teschmacher,
Wm Sherman,	Ellis Lazard,	G H Howard,
L Sachs,	A. B. Forbes	Erwin Davis,
M F Jones	Jonathan Hunt,	F L Weaver
A T Lawton,	J O Earl,	E L Goldstein,
J Whitney Jr,	S J Hensley,	W. A Dana,
Edward Martin,	Lloyd Tevis,	F W Brooks
Charles Mayne,		

PORTLAND, OREGON
Capt. J. O AINSWORTH, W S LADD Ladd & Tilton
LADD & TILTON,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
May 29, 1866

Upper Columbia and Idaho.
NOTICE.
Wells, Fargo & Co's
FAST FREIGHT LINE!
GREAT REDUCTION ON FREIGHT TO IDAHO!
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 1ST, 1866 UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows

From Portland to Boise City	38 cents per pound
" " " Idaho City	38 " " "
" " " Ruby City	40 " " "

Portland, Dec 1, 1866
jy3dtf WELLS FARGO & CO

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U S MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.
Summer Arrangements.
LEAVING UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 5 o'clock for Boise, via LaGrande, Union Baker, Boise, Idaho Centreville Placerville, and Pioneer Cities, direct, connecting at Olds Ferry with the
STEAMER SHOSHONE,
FOR OWYHEE, RUBY AND SILVER CITIES
Superior inducements are offered to the traveling community who continue to patronize this line, as we are now carrying
Passengers at Reduced Rates, and make better time than any other line and our Night Stations are at the Best Hotels on the route.
HAILEY & CO Proprietors,
augld2tpf and JOS PINKHAM Agent.

FOR MONTANA!
Freight and Passage Reduced!
THE NEW STEAMER
MARY MOODY,
CAPT ROBERT COPELEY Master,
Will leave her Landing at Fern d Oreille Lake
FOR CABINET RAPIDS!
ON
MONDAY AND FRIDAY AT ONE O'CLOCK P M
Returning,
Will leave Cabinet Rapids on TUESDAY and SATURDAY at the same hour

PASSAGE	$ 2 00
ANIMALS	2 50
FREIGHT, (per ton, weight)	10 00

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
June 30, 1866 dtf Z. F MOODY, Agent.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
Corner of G and First Streets,
UMATILLA, OREGON,
HENRY GIMBAL Proprietor
THIS HOTEL, DURING THE LAST FEW MONTHS has been entirely Re-Painted, Re-Fitted and Enlarged by the addition of a number of new Rooms, and the proprietor is now able to offer additional inducements to the patrons of the House and solicits increased patronage from the Traveling Public
Especial attention is called to his SUITS OF ROOMS, and arrangements for the accommodation of Families.
Baggage taken to and from the Hotel Free of Charge
Fire-Proof Safe in the Office for Deposit of Valuables.
JOHN HAILEY & CO S STONEKILL LINE stages leave every morning from this Hotel
jy18d0m1p H GIMBAL

NOTICE.
FORWARDING
TO
Montana and Idaho!
FREE OF CHARGE!
BY
M. AINSA, JR., Merchant,
UMATILLA, OREGON
Mark Goods care of M A, Umatilla au5dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT,
UMATILLA, OREGON
GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL parts of the MINES IN OREGON, IDAHO AND OWYHEE and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to
Consignments of Goods solicited
References:
Jacob Underhill & Co Allen & Lewis,
Geo C Johnson & Co Portland, Oregon
San Francisco.
Mark Goods care of J. R. F., Umatilla,
aug3dtf

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories, also to the Blackfoot Mines Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
Mark Goods care of F & F, Wallula
FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
feb21 dtf

THE NATIONAL COLLEGE
OF
BUSINESS AND COMMERCE!
Corner Alder and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
Superior Advantages!
THIS COLLEGE RANKS FIRST ON THE COAST, and offers advantages for acquiring a Practical Business Education superior to any other school
THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION
Is conducted on the plan of the best Commercial Colleges in Europe and the Atlantic States combining
THEORY AND PRACTICE,
By means of Banks and Business Offices, thus familiarizing the Student with all the different kinds of business in the shortest possible time and least expense
THE BUSINESS COURSE!
Embraces Book Keeping (by Single and Double Entry) Penmanship Commercial Calculations Correspondence, Commercial Law Actual Business, Lectures on Accounts Business Customs Mercantile Ethics &c
TERMS:
Scholarships embracing the whole Business Course Regular and Special Lectures, with privilege of reviewing at any future time $50.
N B—A deduction of $10 will be made on all Scholarships issued before the 1st of December 1866
For further particulars, call at the College or address
M K LAUDENSLAGER,
President National College, Portland Oregon
dec24dlptf

Window Glass.
JUST RECEIVED, 250 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes from 8x10 to 32x44 and for sale in lots to suit by
HAYWARD COLEMAN & CO.,
oct16dtf 92 Front Street, Portland.

Hotels and Restaurants.
TAYLOR'S HOTEL,
169 FRONT STREET,
(LITTLE PAST OF THE CITY,)
PORTLAND OREGON,
JOHN S. WHITE, - - - Proprietor.
THIS House has recently been purchased by the present proprietor has been thoroughly painted and furnished in the best style and now offers first class accommodations

Board by the week	$5 to 6 00
Board by the day	1 to 1 25
Single Meals	50

Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge
jan4 dtf

LAFAYETTE
RESTAURANT AND ROTISSERIE,
Under the Oro Fino Hall,
FIRST STREET, PORTLAND
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THE PLEASURE OF announcing to his friends and the public in general that he will open the above establishment on Thursday the 11th inst and that it will be conducted on the same principle as the Hotel de France at Victoria.
Portland October 8th, 1866
oct8d3m PIERRE MANCIET

S. D. SMITH P. W. QUIMBY
Western Hotel,
Corner of Morrison and First streets.
PORTLAND, OREGON,
SMITH & QUIMBY Proprietors
THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN EXTENsively enlarged
Rooms Hard finished and Newly Furnished
A Baggage Wagon will be at the Steamers to bring baggage to the House Free of Charge
nov20d3p1f

LINCOLN HOUSE!
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON
N. C. MATTHIESSEN,
OF THE ST NICHOLAS HOTEL, VICTORIA, HAVing taken the above House wishes to announce to the public that he is now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietor to do, to render guests comfortable
Portland August 14th 1866 dtf

COFFEE AND OYSTER SALOON!
Next Door North of Oro Fino Hall,
FIRST STREET PORTLAND
OYSTERS AND REFRESHMENTS FOR the accommodation of
Families and Special Parties!
CONFECTIONERY AND CAKES of all kinds unsurpassed for purity of design and delicacy of ornamentation
WEDDING ORDERS promptly attended to
dec18d1p1f C A ALISKY, Proprietor

Orleans Hotel,
ON THE LEVEE,
UMATILLA, OREGON.
THIS HOUSE AFTER BEING THOROUGHLY RENOVATED, REFURNISHED and ENLARGED is again open for the reception of guests, by its well-known former Proprietor and owner
No pains will be spared to make this a FIRST-CLASS HOUSE in every respect.
Stages, connecting with the Boats, leave this House for all parts of the mines
Situated as it is, on the bank of the river, it is free from the annoying sands peculiar to this country
A Sail Boat attached to the House for use of guests
Baggage taken to the House FREE OF CHARGE
JESSE FAILING, Proprietor
Umatilla, August 1 1866. aug1d3m

New Columbian,
118, 120 and 122 Front St., cor. Morrison.
GOOD NEWS!
THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly finished and being now ready for the reception of Guests the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the traveling public that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call at RATES TO SUIT The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, hard finished, rooms well ventilated and well furnished, and has capacity to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) six hundred people
The DINING ROOM is large and commodious has fine suits of rooms with connecting doors for families The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no house to excel it either in quality or variety
A large fire-proof Safe for the deposit of valuables
Baggage taken to the Hotel FREE OF CHARGE Housepen all night
Board, per week, $5, Board and Lodging, $7 to $10
The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests and respectfully and earnestly solicits the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the traveling public
oct6dlf P B SINNOTT, Proprietor

Mansion House,
No. 143 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.
E. CARNEY, PROPRIETOR.
THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests, after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished
HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT
A FIRE PROOF SAFE FOR THE SECURITY OF VALUABLES
TERMS

Board and Lodging, per week,	$5 00
Board and Lodging per day,	1 00
Single Meals	25
Lodgings,	25

The MANSION HOUSE BAGGAGE WAGON will always be in the wharf to take baggage FREE of charge
my16dtf

CLOSE HOTEL,
Corner of North Front and C Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Portland and the traveling community, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, in a manner and at prices to suit the times
"THE CLOSE" is a NEW HOUSE just finished the rooms are large well ventilated and elegantly furnished with carpets &c &c The table will always be supplied with the very best the market affords
It will be the constant aim and earnest endeavor of the proprietor to so conduct the "CLOSE HOTEL" as to give entire satisfaction to his guests; he would therefore respectfully solicit the patronage of the public
my3 1m PHILIP SCHADE

MOSSMAN'S HOTEL.
OPPOSITE THE STEAMBOAT LANDING, COMMERCIAL STREET, SALEM OREGON,

Board per week	$ 5 00
Board and Lodging	6@7 00

MEALS AT ALL HOURS
Stages leave this House for Dallas on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays For Silverton on Tuesdays and Fridays for Scio on Tuesday
dec16d1m I V MOSSMAN

GOOD GRUB AND PLENTY OF IT!
AT THE
Bennett House,
SALEM OREGON
L. JAY S. TURNEY,
HAVING LEASED THE ABOVE NAMED HOTEL is prepared to accommodate the traveling public in a LIKE HUNDRED REGULAR BOARDERS in my style as any House on the Coast He has determined to make the Bennett as good as the best and better than any public house in Salem He will use constant exertion to please and endeavor to merit and hopes to receive his share of patronage
He has secured the services of Charley (known to the best cooks in Salem and one of the best in the whole country) and the combined powers to engage the culinary department and is resolved to set a table as can be found anywhere—and in dispensing it and show flummery and fine furniture he can do without any supply of the very best the market affords
His first room will be kept warm and lighted and well supplied with newspapers periodicals and other suitable reading, matter and kept in a manner which will make it an agreeable resort
In short, he intends making an effort to please ALL who stop at the BENNETT HOUSE And he most respectfully requests his friends everywhere to give the old and well known stand at least or a more trial before concluding they can do as well elsewhere and promises if they are not well treated, and properly cared for *and at reasonable figures* it will not be the fault of the public a most obedient and most humble servant
L JAY S TURNEY
N B—Furnished rooms with or without board by the day, week or month at the Bennett, charges moderate
Salem, Oregon, Nov 12, 1866 dtf L J S T

Opinions in the South Regarding Negro Suffrage

A correspondent of the New York *Times* writes from Georgia as follows

I was much astonished the other day while in conversation with a prominent Georgia politician—one who has had more than a little to do, with the organization of the present State Government and who is noted for his unflinching unionism—to hear him express the opinion that the people of his State, and of the whole South in fact would submit to having negro suffrage forced upon them if President Johnson should express a desire to that effect That they would refuse to anything I have never doubted, but my information was that the word in such a manner as to lead me to believe that he meant that the States would alter their constitutions through conventions elected by themselves, in such a manner as to admit the freedmen to every right now enjoyed by white men I have repeatedly stated, in my correspondence from different parts of the South that at the time of the surrender the people of the section expected nothing but the most ultra radical terms from their conquerors, particularly after the assassination of Mr Lincoln and the accession of Mr Johnson to power. This fire eating press deny this but I know that John C Breckinridge, Wade Hampton, Sr, and other Southern leaders, both of the class which ran away and that which stayed in the country, expressed opinions which would lead any sensible man to believe that such were their anticipations Indeed, for weeks and months after the surrender of Joe Johnston in North Carolina while the whole country was holding its breath in suspense, waiting for indications of the future policy of the Administration, every prominent rebel politician or General with whom I conversed—and I saw the majority of them—was of the same opinion Little by little, however, as they have assumed the habiliments of local Governments, and as the old party hacks have mounted the stump and commenced preaching *ante bellum* opposition to Abolition doctrines, the masses of the people have been educated to the belief that they surrendered to nothing but the Constitution as it then was, and the two inevitable results of the war, viz The emancipation of the slaves, and the repudiation of their rebel debts They cry out against a strong central government in one breath, and in the next they tell you that the Administration has supreme power to do what it pleases with them, as they are conquered To render their inconsistency more complete they ask how long will Congress keep us in the position of dependent provinces? and ignore the fact that the President, for a long time, did the same thing Instead of allowing them to act as they were inclined, and as independent States just returned to their allegiance, he dictated the terms of their restoration, and kept them in waiting for several months A knowledge of these facts rendered the statements made to me, as mentioned above, rather incredible

The gentleman refused to continue his conversation by saying that the 'war men of the South have no chance in the future They dare not put up any one identified with the rebellion as their candidate for the Presidency, and they will coalesce with a Conservative nomination They will call it by that name, but it will be in reality a nomination made by the Copperheads, and it will be unsuccessful, for the Radicals will carry everything before them The thinking men of the South know this now, and while the babblers grumble and growl and threaten they have made up their minds to what is sure to come, and if the President should bow to the certain result, which we see so plainly in the future, the whole South would be obliged to follow him It would be only "taking time by the forelock" any way I have yet to hear an intelligent man in the South deny that negro suffrage must come eventually But few of them, however, expect to live to see it, and the majority express a hope to die before their anticipations are realized, while others swear that they will leave the country

Umatilla Reservation.

The following petition, extensively signed in Eastern Oregon, was forwarded some time ago to Washington. The Umatilla *Press* complains that it has yet received no attention

To the Honorable, the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States

The undersigned, citizens of Umatilla county, in the State of Oregon, would respectfully represent

1st That there is an Indian Reservation, embracing about 700 square miles and known as the Umatilla Reservation, existing within the bounds of the above named county, lying along the western base and slope of the Blue Mountains

2d This Reservation contains large tracts of fertile soil, amounting to a greater area of agricultural land than is contained in all other portions of the county, and is abundantly supplied with timber for farming and building purposes

3d That land is in a very favorable location for the sale of all agricultural productions, being in near proximity to the rich mining regions of the State of Oregon and Idaho Territory, and on the main traveled route thereto

4th An extensive copper mine has recently been discovered within the bounds of this Reservation the ore of which is rich and easy of access

5th That if the Indians of this Reservation were removed to the Simcoe Reservation, in Washington Territory, or the Warm Springs Reservation in Oregon they could be provided for by the Government at a less expense by several thousands of dollars per annum, than at present

Therefore, in view of these facts, your petitioners would respectfully recommend that an act be passed by Congress authorizing the immediate purchase of the said Reservation, and the removal of the Indians therefrom

SOUTHERN MILITARY CHIEFS —The Washington *National Intelligencer* asserts that "the military skill and talent that so often and for so long a period almost uninterruptedly, however mistaken the cause, led the forces of the rebellion to victory, would be rendered unavailable to the country in the event of a foreign war," and that "some of our radical civilian commanders could not inspire true soldiers, North or South, with a semblance of the confidence which would be felt in the leadership of many of the proscribed military chiefs' Bosh! Grant Sherman and Sheridan having whipped these "military chiefs" neither they nor the armies under their leadership will be apt to quail before any forces said redoubtable "chiefs feel able to conquer

It is announced in England that an extensive business is carried on there in hunting up portraits for Americans in order to make galleries of ancestors An American agent recently in London explained that his business was to 'collect ances tors' and that he had been quite successful, having picked up many good portraits, and that with proper attention to costume and age, and some little heraldic additions, he had matched suitable husbands and wives for two or three generations, and had exported several very well assorted families, which being provided with full credentials were most finally adopted, and that he was continuing his highly remunerative researches

A Boston correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes that 'Griffith Gaunt' has sold about 16,000 The same correspondent says that Whittier's 'Snow Bound' enjoys a greater popularity than any other of the poet's books and that the circulation of the *North American Review* is 2,000, of *Every Saturday* 15 000 of the *Atlantic* 6, 50,000, and of *Our Young Folks* 6 000

Here's to woman that drew the trigger
That shot the man that fired the nigger

PERSONAL.—If the author of the above toast, given at a mid night table in New Orleans is in want of an office and will apply to the White House in Washington he will hear of something to his advantage—*N Y Tribune*

In our horror, we hold that ten or twenty thousand rioters were disfranchised—yes actually *disfranchised* in New York city by closing the polls at sundown Not being accustomed to daylight of course that class of voters could not be expected to emerge until after dark —*St Louis Democrat*

Hyatt, the greatest anatomist of the age, says he can distinguish in a dark room, by one stroke of the scalpel, the brain of the inebriate from that of the person who has lived soberly

Who could banquet on the finest shad or salmon ever served after hearing the inquiry from one's neighbor at the table, "Do them fish biled or broiled?"

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DATES TO DECEMBER 31.

Freedmen's Bureau Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS December 29—General Howard inspected the Freedmen's Bureau building and had an interview with Bishop Wilmer the new Episcopal Bishop of Louisiana, respecting the religious affairs of the freedmen The General says that his conversation with the Bishop will not affect his course nearly coincide with the views of Bishop Wilmer The General says that at one time he was half disposed to make any concession to the settlement of his business affairs and to rejoin the Church and upon proceeding to the house of the Episcopal Bishop found that the latter was absent at Baton Rouge, which will benefit all concerned

Fire at Fisherville, N. H.

CONCORD N H December 29—The Union block was badly injured by fire yesterday The fire broke out in an upper story in which the fire was originally confined The authority last night reached the Thornton County W T Pegeno Kasper, Whatcom Whatcom county W T, and Benjamin F Gillmer, St Helens, Columbia county Oregon

Second Lieutenant Willet of the 24 Artillery, was recently drowned in Cow Creek by being knocked from his horse into the creek the animal throwing his head suddenly struck Lt G in the head with great violence and stunning him

The Import trade of California last year amounted to $14 000 000, Export trade, $17 ,00 000 exclusive of treasure, which amounted to $14,000,000 The latter is made up $6 000,000 gold shipped by the Sub Treasurer on Government account Value of wheat exported during the year $6 000,000, value of wine $163 000 Total amount of California productions exported, $31,850 000 Amount of work manufactured, $3,000 000

ARRIVED—January 4—Ship *Coquimbo* 22 days from Port Townsend, bark *Lawrence* 18 days from Port Blakely, bark *Caroline* 22 days from Scratchs river

Sailed—January 5—Steamer *Wales Taylor*, for San Juan Del Sur steamer *Montana*, Columbia River, *Active*, for Victoria steamer *Del Norte*, for Eureka.

A Startling Discovery

HEROD THE TETRARCH "SWINGING ROUND THE CIRCLE"—"HOW ABOUT THEM BABIES?"

The New York *Tribune* professes to give its readers an account of the startling discovery made by Signior Nessuno, of the University at Bologna, who found among the papyri of Pompeii, which he has been many years engaged in investigating, a complete report of a tour taken by Herod the great, immediately after the Massacre of Innocents Herod, it appears, was accompanied by a old, wary minister, Servius Vardius, the General who commanded his armies, the Captain of his fleet, and a crowd of parasites. The cause of the journey does not appear, but something is said about a monument—possibly that of Julius Cæsar, who appointed Herod Governor, although after the assassination of Cæsar, Herod immediately went over to Brutus and Cassius We copy a portion of the *Tribune's* article on the great discovery

Herod had his speech prepared beforehand, and if Professor Nessuno has translated it literally, it must have been really comic in its effect. He is reckoned to have stopped in all at some sixty or a hundred places before he got back to Jerusalem, and at every one of these places he delivered the same speech, the only exception being the one we are about to mention It happened that Herod came to a certain large town, whose name is not as clear in the manuscript as it might be, and after dinner a large crowd came about the caravansary where he was stopping, and called for a speech, and he had just begun to peg away at the old cut-and-dried affair that had served his turn so far, when he was interrupted by an ill mannered fellow, who cried out—"How about them babies?" Herod immediately grew red in the face, made a great fuss generally, and was about to burl at the saucy fellow, when his wary old adviser, Servius Vardius, adroitly caught it, and, to put it out of harm's way, clapped it on his own head Herod was in such a state of rage that for a few minutes he was quite incoherent, but at length managed to speak Here we quote Prof Nessuno's delightfully free and native rendering as literally as we can into corresponding English idiom It must be remembered that Herod was not a Roman by birth, but a barbarian, and had no advantages of education or of society until his accidental elevation to the tetrarchy, which will account for a certain rowdy air his speeches have "You'd better ask about them babes! If yer knew more about babies in general, and these yer babies in particular, you'd never ask such questions, I reckon. Who, I should like to know, has suffered more from babies than I have? Who has put up with more from 'em than I have? I didn't kill those yer babies, they killed themselves, and if I did kill 'em, I had to do it, else they uns would have killed we uns As for me, I have sounded all the depths of honor, and my ambition is gratified to repletion I have been everything by turns and nothing long I began life as a small, low waif, but honors and dignities climbed on to my brow, and I filled first one office and then another until I had sat in the gubernatorial chair, and at length became tetrarch, which fills the cup of my ambition and leaves me sat

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 7, 1867.

A War in a Remote Corner of the World.

The French are raising a disturbance in a remote quarter of the globe. During several weeks past, the telegraphic dispatches have contained frequent allusions to the operations of the French fleet against Corea. The same dispatches seem also to intimate that the French are making hostile attempts on Cochin China, or Anam; but the statements are so meagre, and the little information they furnish is in such a muddle, that it is not easy to ascertain the precise facts in the case. We have yet seen no statement of the causes which have led the French to make war on either of those countries. Corea is a peninsula of Asia, lying to the North-west of China, and separated from that country by the Yellow Sea, and from Japan by the Straits of Corea. Its population is estimated at from ten to twelve millions. The greater part of the country is mountainous, and toward its Northern extremity it is quite cold. Its trade has hitherto been carried on only with China and Japan, to which powers it is nominally tributary, though it has a king and the freedom of its action is uncontrolled. The government is despotic. The Coreans are expert in many branches of manufacture, and produce articles similar to those manufactured in China and Japan. The army of the king of Corea is very large as to numbers, but of course is of no account in opposing the troops and war vessels of civilized nations. The religion of the kingdom is Buddhism, and the king unites in his own person both hierarchical and secular powers. The capital, King-ki-tao, is situated on the Kiang river near the centre of the peninsula. In their general character the people are very similar to those of Japan and China. Corea has hitherto refused to hold intercourse with any other than these kindred nations. This exclusive policy the French will probably break up. Should they succeed in holding the country, the acquisition will be a very valuable one.

Around the Circle.

It is truly pitiable to see what shifts and devices the Northern allies of the late Southern Confederacy are driven to in order to find excuses for the great rebellion and to shield the actors in it from punishment. When anybody talks about bringing rebels to account, these Copperheads go to work industriously to prove that the Southern people acted as States, and that, therefore, no one can be held individually responsible. When it shown that if this view of the case be correct, the governments of the rebellious States are destroyed and their rights under the Government of the Union forfeited, the Copperheads again take the alarm and declare that the offence, if any was committed, is merely personal, and that individuals can alone be held responsible for any wrong that has been done. Thus when individual rebels are threatened, it is asserted that the *States* did the wrong; and when the consequences which this alleged act of *States* carries after it are pointed out, it is claimed that *individuals* only are to blame. The Copperheads are every day driven from one side to the other of this argument. The "official organ" reasons in this circle continually. Sometimes it swings entirely round it in the course of a single article. Altogether it is a matter which is a source of no little trouble to the Democratic mind.

MADISON ON IMPEACHMENT.—The question has been mooted of late whether an officer who has been impeached by Congress could be suspended from his official functions while on trial. In the Virginia debates on the adoption of the Federal Constitution, George Mason objected to that instrument on the ground that it gave the pardoning power to the President,—a power that might be grossly abused. James Madison replied:

> There is one security in this case to which gentlemen may not have adverted: If the President be connected, in any suspicious manner, with any person, and there is ground to believe that he will shelter him, the House of Representatives can impeach him; they can remove him if found guilty; *they can suspend him* when suspected, and the power will devolve upon the Vice President. Should he be suspected, also, *he may likewise be suspended* till he be impeached and removed, and the Legislature may make a temporary appointment. *This is a great security.*

Here the highest Democratic authority on constitutional questions declares in language of unmistakeable meaning that Congress has a right to suspend an officer pending his trial. This completely upsets the modern Democratic theory of this subject. But modern Democracy has gone a long way beyond the teachings of James Madison.

A Plain Statement of Fact.

It has become a favorite argument with the Copperheads to assert that all the measures of the Republican party have for their sole object the perpetuation of party power. The simple fact is, the Republicans are determined to have as much political power in this Government as rebels have. That is the whole story. Your South Carolina or Louisiana rebel shall not have two votes where a loyal man has but one. Copperheads and rebels who are trying to regain power on the system that one vote in the South is as good as two in the North, may stick a pin right there.

The Chicago *Times* (Democratic) says: "The mummy is the thorough conservative. He is not only dead, but his deadness is embalmed and preserved. The mummy never takes any step forward. The mummy is to-day what he was 3,000 years ago. He does not believe in progress, or anything else, save that mummies are the true type of wisdom. The world is full of mummies; and, unfortunately, all are not quitely laid away in the catacombs." Does the "official organ" understand?

The French disappointed in their efforts to obtain a lodgment in America, are turning their attention to Asia. Having failed to catch Mexico they are trying their hand at *Cochin* China.

The Republican majority in New Jersey by Congressional districts is 2,058.

Tenure of Office.

On the first day of the session of Congress, Senator Williams, of this State, introduced in the Senate the following bill:

> SECTION 1. That any person, excepting heads of the Departments, holding any office to which he has been appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and any person who shall hereafter be appointed in the same manner to any office, and shall become duly qualified therefor, is and shall be entitled to hold said office, respectively, until a successor in like manner is appointed and duly qualified, unless otherwise provided by law.
>
> SEC. 2. When any officer appointed as aforesaid, excepting Judges of the United States Courts, shall, during the recess of the Senate, be guilty of misconduct in office, or for any reason shall become unable to perform its duties, in that case, and no other, the President may appoint a person to fill said office by granting to him a commission that shall expire at the end of the next session of the Senate; but the evidence and reasons for the action of the President in such case shall be in writing and filed in the proper department for inspection; and the President shall also have power in like manner to fill all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate by death, resignation or expiration of term of office, and not otherwise; but no appointment shall be made without the advice and consent of the Senate to any office filled as aforesaid after the session of the Senate at which the temporary commission therefor shall expire; provided that this act shall not apply to or interfere with any rules made by Congress for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DATES TO DECEMBER 31.

Fenian Prisoners—Canada.

TORONTO, December 31.—The remaining Fenian prisoners, numbering thirty-two, will be tried January 10th. No delay will be consented to. The prisoners convicted at Sweetsburg are the ones to be pardoned.

Railroad Accidents in Canada.

LONDON, C. W., December 31.—The switch was left open at Sarnia Junction and the train from the main line passed into the train of the branch road. Miss Campbell, of Port Huron, had her thigh broken and will not recover. Kitchen and Daily, employees of the road, were badly injured—the latter fatally.

TORONTO, December 30.—The passenger train of the Grand Trunk Railroad rolled over an embrenchment near Park Hill on Saturday a distance of seventy feet. One passenger was severely injured and several more badly bruised.

New England Legislatures.

NEW YORK, January 3, 1867.—The Maine Legislature met to-day and effected an organization. The Massachusetts Legislature has also met and organized.

Arrival of the Aspinwall Steamer.

NEW YORK, January 3.—The steamer *Henry Chauncey*, from San Francisco with dates to the 15th of December has arrived. She brings $630,119 in treasure.

Another Rumor from Mexico.

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 30.—Advices from Monterey direct the hanging of Declado.

Juarez is expected in Durango in a week.

From Central America.

NEW YORK, December 31.—The United States ship *Powhattan*, Admiral Bulgren, sailed from Panama for Callao on the 16th. The Isthmus was quiet. Mosquera continues the war on the Church. The war materials crossing the Isthmus for the Pacific Republics who are at war with Spain, were ordered to be seized. Peru still talks war.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

COWES, England, December 31.—The New York yachts sailed from Osborn House on Saturday last. The Queen witnessed their manœuvres, expressing her approbation at the exhibition.

A match has been made up between the *Henrietta*, Captain Benners, and the Duke of Edinburgh's yacht *Viking*. The race will occur in August next, and the course will be around the Isle of Wight. The Duke will sail his own yacht.

The yachtsmen of the New York squadron have been invited to a banquet at Southampton. The dinner at Cowes was a very spirited and cordial affair.

LONDON, Dec. 31, evening.—Capt. Bennett and Mr. McVicker visited the Queen and dined with the Duke of Edinburgh. They have been invited to the Marney Yacht Club ball at Liverpool, which is to follow the regular yearly review of the squadron.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 31.—The steamer *Asia*, from Boston, arrived here this morning.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—A royal decree has been published which abolishes the tonnage duties in French ports, except on vessels which arrive from the United States, and such other countries as impose deferential duties on French vessels.

MADRID, Dec. 31.—The Cortes has been dissolved by the Queen.

LONDON, Dec. 31, evening.—The *Times* of this morning has a complaining editorial on the toleration of the Fenians by the United States Government.

The British American Conference which has been in session here for a long time has at last removed all difficulties and agreed on a basis for a confederation bill to Parliament.

It is said that Admiral Goldsboro of the American Navy, has asked permission of his Government to transport the Cretan refugees in a war steamer.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Evening.—Closing rates of 5-20 bonds 72¾.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—In a speech of the Emperor Napoleon to the Diplomatic Corps yesterday, he hopes for peace and consolation, saying that the stability of thrones insures the prosperity of nations.

FLORENCE, Jan. 2.—In the King's speech to foreign representatives yesterday, he predicted peace for the future. He said it was necessary, however, to improve the military organization.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—There is a Ministerial crisis in Athens. A new cabinet has been appointed.

Arrests continue to be made in Ireland.

Five-twenties 73⅞.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.—Arrived out on the 15th, *Wisconsin*; 16th, *Fiscatile*, from San Francisco, entered out on the 17th, *Golconda*, for San Francisco, to sail on the 18th.

California flour, 47 to 48s per 280 lbs.

LONDON, Dec. 31, noon.—A large portion of the Crystal Palace, which has been used for the exhibition of tropical products, was destroyed by fire early this morning.

LONDON, Dec. 31, evening.—The fire at the Crystal Palace entailed damages to the extent of £200,000.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Among the passengers for the East yesterday by the *States Taylor* was M. M. Kaals, who for the last four years has been constantly connected with the press of this city.

The prize fight between Dorney Harris and Tommy Chandler, will come off within three weeks. A purse of $500 will fall to the victor.

Charles Sulphin, a young man who claims to have been an officer in the army, was arrested yesterday on the charge of forging numerous checks on Tallant & Co., bankers, of this city. He is said to be the son of a wealthy New York merchant.

The following is from San Francisco papers received by the steamer *Pacific*:

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—The Senatorial question is absorbing the general attention of the Maryland press. The Enquirer whose organ nearly unanimous in opposing any repeal of the law which declares that one of the United States Senators from Maryland shall always be an inhabitant of that region. Others, of the Western shore, declare that if this law is not repealed it will present an election. Gov. Swann succeeded Mr. Creswell, who is the present Eastern shore member.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 30.—A Joint Committee of the Arkansas Legislature passed through this city last night, on their way to Washington to confer with the President, Cabinet and Congress, on the subject of the political condition of the country, and the probability of a compromise of the difficulties between the Government and the South.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 31.—The Arkansas Republican Convention, held at Fort Smith on the 13th inst., was attended by four hundred delegates, representing all parts of the State. Much enthusiasm and unanimity prevailed. Resolutions were adopted declaring that Congress has exclusive right to prescribe the conditions of restoration to the late seceded States, including the power of the Constitution to be amended, so as to carry out the design of the Proclamation of Independence, alleging the adoption of the pending Constitutional Amendment absolutely necessary for the safety, honor and dignity of the nation, and asking Congress to take as early as possible such steps as will enable the loyal people of Arkansas, without regard to race or color, to reorganize their State Government on a basis of sincere active loyalty to the United States Government, and upon clearly defined Republican principles. They also ask Congress to declare the present State Government of Arkansas abolished, extend the right of suffrage to all loyal men, without distinction of color, excepting Indians untaxed. The Convention also elected a Republican State Central Committee, consisting of thirteen persons.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Gen. Sherman arrived at Washington on Saturday night. The steamer *Gettysburg* is still aground at Annapolis. The *Dom* has been selected to go in her places on a secret mission. It is reported that Gen. Grant is to accompany the expedition.

Chief Justice Chase denies the application for a writ of habeas corpus for Dr. Mudd.

The receipts for internal revenue, since July 1st, are over one hundred and sixty-six millions.

MADRID, Dec. 23.—Gunboat *Swatara* left Alexandria with Surratt on board.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—The mail advices from Candia give detailed accounts of the disaster to the Turks at the blown up convent, which contained 320 souls, including 343 women and children, leaving 297 to defend it against Mustapha Pacha's army of 12,000. The Cretans refused to surrender, and the Turks bombarded the convent two days and nights, and after breaking the walls the Turks proceeded to the court of the convent, when a monk fired the magazine, hurling Christians and Turks into the air. Two hundred Turks were killed and a large number wounded. Only 30 men and 60 women and children of the garrison were left alive. The Turks burned seven Cretan villages, in revenge for which the Cretans burned twenty-seven Turkish villages.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The *Star*, of this evening, says: Surratt will arrive here about the 25th of January, his trial will take place at the February term of the Criminal Court.

On the first day of the session of Congress the President will send in a list of leading rebels who have been pardoned since the 1st of January, 1866, and who accepted pardon; applications in many instances will be found to be indorsed by those who are earnestly opposed to the President.

NEVADA, Dec. 23.—On Thursday night the most terrific storm ever known in this section, passed over the city. Rain and hail, accompanied by vivid flashes of lightning, poured down alternately, and in less than two hours the streets were flooded, and for some stores water stood seven inches deep. The flume carrying water under the town became choked up and the water made its way over the lot formerly occupied by Lancaster's livery stable to Main street. Yesterday morning cobble stones weighing several pounds were scattered along the street from the lot to the bridge. Above the Union Hotel the ravine was choked up with drift wood that dammed the water, a considerable amount found its way into the billiard room, and the dining-room was flooded. Fortunately, the water found an opening and the channel was cleared before any great damage was done. Several places of business on Broad street, never before reached by the water, were flooded. Deer creek and all other streams were higher than ever known before. The bridge on the Washington road was swept away. Another on East Broad street was carried away, and the one at the foot of Nevada street so undermined that it was impassable. The storm lasted about three hours, and was really terrible. Women seemed many who felt the shock from the lightning, and loud peals of thunder shook the earth to its foundation. Fences in every direction were leveled to the ground, and great damage was done by the violent wind that accompanied the storm. Large oaks and pines were snapped off as though they were pipe stems. In the ravine south of the place five or six large trees, one of them five feet thick, were twisted off at the butt and piled across each other. On Thursday night the rain fell was 3¾ inches, in less than three hours.

The President and General Grant.

A late special dispatch to *The Boston Advertiser* says that the recent interview of General Grant with the President concerning the amnesty suffrage compromise, appears to have been of a very interesting and significant character. The General earnestly opposed the scheme as an utterly unsafe basis of reconstruction, tending to restore Rebels to absolute power in the rebellious section. He urged Mr. Johnson to accept and recommend the amendment to the Constitution as a fair and just plan of reconstruction, taking the ground that the people had declared for it in unmistakeable terms at the elections, and that it would be unwise to disregard their expressed wishes. It is said that the President listened to these opinions without indicating his own views, but leaving a decided impression upon the mind of the General that his advice would be disregarded. It is known that General Grant is of the opinion that if Mr. Johnson would give the amendment his support it would be immediately ratified by enough Southern States to make it a part of the Constitution.

STATE ITEMS.

The *Pacific Christian Advocate* has commenced a new volume. It comes out greatly improved in appearance.

A new bridge across the Tualatin on the road leading southwest from Oregon City has been completed.

A petition is being signed in Eastern Oregon for a daily mail from Umatilla to La Grande by way of the Meacham route.

A donation party visited Rev. Thomas Condit at the Dalles on New Year's night and presented his family with a sum of money amounting to $175.

There is a saw mill in operation at Oregon City and one at Canemah, which, jointly, have the capacity for furnishing 10,000 to 15,000 feet of lumber per day.

We stated in a short biographical sketch of Judge Stratton that he was born in McKean county, Pennsylvania. This was an error. He was born in Tioga county in that State.

The Washington Territory Legislature don't want the military headquarters to be transferred to Portland, and has passed a memorial to be sent to the War Department remonstrating against it.

We notice in the Idaho *World* an advertisement for proposals to carry the U. S. mails from Boise City, Idaho, to Canyon City in this State. The contract will be awarded on the 15th of February.

James Bullerian of the *Memphis Inter*, formerly a Lieutenant in the Washington Territory Infantry, has been commissioned as Captain in the 8th U. S. Regular Cavalry. Another of Nesmith's gang of flatterers has got his reward. What adulator of the ex-Senator comes next in his turn?

The annual report of the Secretary of the Interior says that under the donation law, patents for 1,252,425.83 acres of land in Oregon have been issued. Additional legislation is recommended to enforce the survey of donation claims on which settlement was made prior to the public surveys.

The following are Benton county statistics: Number of deeds recorded in Benton county from July 1st, 1865, to July 1st, 1866, 270; total value of real estate transferred, $157,168; number of mortgages recorded from July 1st, 1865, to July 1st, 1866, 40; total recorded consideration, $34,350.

The following officers were elected by Columbia Lodge No. 5, I. O. O. F. at the Dalles, at their last regular meeting: J. M. P. Cook, N. G.; E. Schutz, V. G.; O. N. Denny, Rec. Sec.; Jas. Dillonan, Per. Sec.; N. H. Gates, Treas.; Jos. Ehlst, A. W. Ferguson, and E. Wingate, Trustees. The officers will be publicly installed on Thursday evening, Jan. 10th at their hall.

The Oregon City *Enterprise* is every day more inclined to the opinion that mining is a great damage to us. Let the "wealth" that is "hidden" alone, and go after what is in sight, is the method and manner of awakening an interest among a class of people who will seek profit through their pursuits of industry which has its sure reward. Good advice and well administered.

The following is rather the best thing we have seen in the Corvallis *Gazette*: The *Oregon Statesman* died, in Salem, Dec. 31st, 1866, after a painful illness of financial emaciation, brought about by taking too much classical allusion and Latin quotation. The lungs, although diseased, exhibited an extraordinary amount of windiness to the last; the patient expired vomiting: "*Medio tutissimus ibis*," "*Ne sit modus in rebus*," and the like. As these are symptoms with which we are not much acquainted, we defer expressing ourselves further.

French Opinion of the Pontifical Declaration.

[From the Journal des Debats, of Paris, Nov. 6.]

The language of the Pope surpasses in *violence*, all that could be expected, and, let us add, all that could be feared, for we cannot view without a certain degree of terror all the evil which may be produced by these reiterated *defiances of the Church to the whole world*. We say the Church, for it is the Church that has spoken in the person of its chief. Henceforth it is idle distinctions between the so-called parties with Catholic society. Rome allows no controversy, and calls the least hesitation rebellion—*Roma locuta, causa finita*. We are not surprised that those who saw the Holy Father leave the consistory remarked on his countenance traits of unwonted sadness and severity. The act which he had just performed—the words which he had just launched on the word—were indeed terrible enough to cloud the human visage. It is not against Italy only that the common Father of the faithful has launched his anathema, but *against the whole of civilized society*; against the modern world, its laws, its manners, its constitution, its organization; against all that it is, even with the concordats and the assent of the Church itself.

[From the Avenir National, Nov. 6.]

It must be admitted that the question has been clearly put by the Pope. He was asked to reconcile himself with Italy, that is to say, with the civilization of our epoch. It was to ask for the impossible. To desire Pius the Ninth to extend his hand to a civilization which denies the infallibility of the Pope, which recognizes freedom of thought, *freedom of worship and the supremacy of reason*, was to ask him to extinguish himself—to sign his own abdication, and the condemnation of doctrines in the name of which the Papacy has for three hundred years been engaged in a struggle which it looks on as a necessity and duty. The recent allocution is the agony of the last moments of the Papacy.

[From the Paris Temps, Nov. 6.]

* * * The Pope sticks to the logic of his *role* as spiritual and temporal pontiff, and we should be entirely out of place if we expressed the least astonishment at a manifestation which is in such rigourous conformity with the doctrines and traditions of the Church.

[From Le Nord, Nov. 6.]

The allocution is the fiftieth edition, unrevised and unocrrected, but considerably augmented, of the complaints, lamentations and sombre prophesies which the Holy See for the last seven years has been uttering against Italy and all the friends of Italy. It is painful to see the head of a religion of peace and charity preaching insurrection and wishing for the convulsion of the world.

MIXED UP AFFAIRS.—The Republic of Mexico is in a perfect muddle about her political affairs, almost as much so as the different kinds of merchandise are mixed up in the different stores in this city. KOHN & FISHEL, at the St. Louis style, have kept a good stock of dry goods heretofore, but are anxious to confine their trade hereafter only to clothing and goods for gentlemen's wear, therefore they offer all kinds of dry goods and everything for ladies' wear far below cost, of which everybody can be convinced by pricing their goods.

PICTURE GALLERY.—W. B. JONES having taken the gallery corner of Front and Morrison streets, Portland, would announce to the public that he is making PHOTOGRAPHS from Locket to Life size, AMBROTYPES, MELAINOTYPES, SUN PEARLS, and CARTE DE VISITE, plain or enamelled, in the best style of the art. If you want card pictures with the most beautiful enamel, at lower prices than can be had in the city or State, go to JONES' GALLERY, corner of Front and Morrison.

G. W. COOL,
Office, Carter's New Building,
Corner of Front and Alder Streets. dec17d3mpf

DIED:

At Dayton, Oregon, January 3, 1867, Jackson Lippincott, aged 53 years. His remains were consigned to the tomb under the direction of and with the honors of the Masonic Fraternity Saturday afternoon. Mr. Lippincott was an old resident of Oregon and sixteen years upon the coast. Peace to his ashes. Philadelphia and Indiana papers please copy.

In San Francisco, Dec. 26, of gastric fever, Willie Ledwick, son of Capt. William and Angelina Metzger, aged 11 years, 9 months and 10 days. State papers please copy.

NEW TO-DAY.

G. L. Hibbard & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

For the Sale of

OREGON PRODUCE and GROCERIES

No. 14 Taylor St., between Front and First,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

jan7 d3pawsf

P. G. STEWART. C. S. HOCKLEY.

STEWART & HOCKLEY,

No. 100 FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Clocks,
Watches, and
Jewelery Goods,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

AGENTS FOR THE

American Watch Co.,

Also, for

WILLCOX & GIBBS'

LETTER "G"

SEWING MACHINES

UNRIVALED IN

HEMMING, FELLING,
BINDING, BRAIDING,
EMBROIDERING, &c.

It is perfectly NOISELESS. It is declared the BEST MACHINE and AWARDED the

Highest Premium!!

At the Great Union Fair held at Ireland Park. Send for Reports and Samples of Work.

jan7 dawtf

NEW TO-DAY.

ANCHOR LINE!

Opposition to the Monopoly's old Steamship Pacific.

The steamship Montana has but one price --$15 in Cabin and $5 in Steerage

The Only Regular Line to San Francisco.

Remember the exorbitant price by the Monopoly's Line---$45 in Cabin and $25 in Steerage.

The Splendid New Steamship

MONTANA,

1,030 TONS REGISTER,

JOHN R. KELLY.....Commander,

Will leave Portland on or about

THURSDAY, JANUARY 10TH, 1867.

Rates:

CABIN PASSAGE.....$15 00.
STEERAGE " ..... 5 00.
FREIGHT, PER TON..... 5 00.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO., Agents,
No. 16 North Front St., Portland.

jan7 d4td

Removed.

NOTICE TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN, particularly to the LADIES in general, that

VAN FRIDAGH & CO.,

Have removed their large and well assorted stock of

MILLINERY!

DRY GOODS.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS!!

TO

123 FRONT STREET,

IN

HARKER'S FIRE-PROOF BUILDING,

Opposite the West Cheer and New Columbian.

jan4 dawtf

Having in this our new place of business superior facilities for the exhibition of our goods, we, through our direct IMPORTATIONS FROM PARIS and strict attention to order and business, will be better enabled to keep the FINEST, LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED

Stock of Goods in Oregon.

jan4 dawim

Morning Star Saloon,

44 and 46 Front Street.

NEWLY PITTED UP!

FREE CONCERT!

EVERY EVENING.

Guests will be waited upon by YOUNG LADIES!

CHARLES BLUM,
Jan5dtf Proprietor.

For San Francisco,

DIRECT.

The Staunch and Favorite Side-Wheel

STEAMER

PACIFIC,

WILLIAM METZGER.....Commander,

Will leave Portland on or about

TUESDAY, JANUARY 8th, 1867.

Rates:

PASSAGE, CABIN.....$15 00
" STEERAGE.....5 00

For Freight or Passage apply to

jan5dtd ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents.

Frankenthal & Haas,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Umatilla, Oregon.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR Friends and the Public, that they will have completed by March 1st, 1867, a large (40 by 80)

Fire Proof Building!

For the storage of freight.

Goods will be received, forwarded and stored at owners' risks; freights advanced, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business, strictly attended to.

jan5dtf FRANKENTHAL & HAAS.

NEW YORK

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

MESSRS. GRABENHEIM & COHEN TAKES pleasure in announcing to the public that they have opened the above named store in this city, where they are opening now a large and selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ladies', Misses' and

Children's Wear, &c.

We invite the public to examine our stock.

GRABENHEIM & COHEN.
jan4d2ptf 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

JUST RECEIVED!

A. H. WHITE,

No. 110 Front Street,

IS NOW RECIEVING BY EVERY STEAMER

Large Additions to his Extensive Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,

and all other Goods in his line among which are

SKIDDERLICIB, BURT'S, MILES', GODFREY'S AND DENNETT'S LATEST STYLES

Call in and examine the Stock, opposite the New Columbian Hotel. nov5dtf

Gentlemen

LOOK HERE!!

IF YOU WANT A FIRST CLASS PAIR OF

BOOTS

Made to order of the latest improved style, go to

T. RODGERS,

The celebrated BOOT MAKER, who will make you a good fit, on FIRST and TAMHILL Streets. jan5dtf3p

FEED!

HAY, OATS, BRAN,

MIDDLINGS,

AND FEED OF ALL KINDS, for sale by

R. H. LAW,
nov9d2m2p 38 First St., Corner of Pine.

Friedman & Co.

HAVE

REMOVED TO 34 FRONT STREET,

IN

O. S. N. Co's New Building.

dec20d1m

Mrs. C. Monell

Has removed to

CARTER'S NEW BLOCK,

ON

Alder Street, between First and Front,

Where she will be pleased to see her Customers.

dec24d1tf

COOPERS TOOLS,
On hand and for sale low by
E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

CUT NAILS, ALL SIZES, 4d to 60d,
On hand and for sale by
E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

IRON AND STEEL,
NORWAY, AMERICAN, SWEDE & ENGLISH refined bar and bundle iron,
ENGLISH CAST, TOE CAULE, PLOW, DERMAN and BLISTER STEEL,
For sale by
E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.
dec29d2w:wlmo

Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE.

The Company will Despatch a Boat

FOR THE DAY LES!

DAILY (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

At 5 o'clock A. M.

BOATS ON THE UPPER RIVER

WILL LEAVE CELILO ON

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

At 6 o'clock A. M.

Monticello Route!

FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH, till further notice, the Steamer

JULIA,

WM. BRUCH.....Master,
J. T. KERNS.....Purser,

will make

Tri-Weekly Trips to Monticello,

Via Willamette Slough, Leaving Portland

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday

at 7 o'clock A. M.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT OPPOSITION RATES.

THE STEAMER

RESCUE,

OLSON.....Master,

CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL,

Will Leave for MONTICELLO

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

At 7 o'clock A. M. via Lewis River.

Astoria Route!

A BOAT FOR ASTORIA WILL LEAVE AS USUAL

On Monday and Friday

At 6 o'clock A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.
Portland, Nov. 2d, 1866. nov2dtf

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Notice.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER

ATLANTIC

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY, AT 7 A. M.,

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamer

RELIANCE FOR CORVALLIS

ON

MONDAY AND THURSDAY,

of each week. Also with the

Fannie Patton for Corvallis,

ON

TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

of each week. Also with the

Active for Eugene,

On WEDNESDY of each Week.

ALSO, WITH THE

Steamer Union,

ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS, of each week,

For LAFAYETTE and intermediate points.

Dec. 8th, 1866. A. A. McCULLY,
dtf Pres't People's Trans. Co.

To the Traveling Public.

STEAMER

ELIZA ANDERSON,

D. B. FINCH.....Master.

THE ANDERSON HAS NOT BEEN HAULED OFF the route, nor will she be. She is the only steamer that ever RUN REGULARLY on Puget Sound for any length of time. Has just been thoroughly overhauled and is in complete order for a long campaign. Will carry passengers, freight and stock CHEAPER than any other conveyance.

PASSAGE AT PRESENT:

TO VICTORIA.....$5 00
RETURNING FROM VICTORIA.....$ 00

Berths and Meals Included.

FREIGHT:

CATTLE, at present.....$2 00
SHEEP, at present.....50
MERCHANDISE, at present, per ton.....2 00

Vancouver Island Landing permits have been abolished.

Olympia, Dec. 7, 1866. dec5dtf

STEAMER RANGER!

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND FOR MONTICELLO three times a week,

Leaving Portland every

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.

AND RETURNING on

Wednesday, Friday and Monday,

Leaving Monticello at 6½ A. M.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE REDUCED.

The Boat will go through Willamette Slough every trip. Apply on board at Lincoln Horse Wharf.

J. N. FISHER, Master.
nov23d1f

CHAS. HOPKINS,

(Successor to G. W. VAUGHN,)

DEALER IN

Hardware & Cutlery,

IRON AND STEEL,

Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics'

TOOLS, PLOWS,

REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS,

AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,

No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

oct PORTLAND, OREGON. d2pif

REMOVAL.

H. GUTTOGROB,

Graduate of Pisnel's Conservatorie of Music, San Francisco,

Former Pianist at Maguire's Theatres,

WILL GIVE LESSONS ON THE

VIOLIN, PIANO,

And in VOCAL MUSIC, also THORO-BASE at Pupil's residences, or at his Rooms.

On and after Jan. 1st, 1867,

CLASSES IN VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC Will be formed and receive instruction.

No. 54 Alder street,
nov24d1f2p Corner of Fourth.

ASSAY OFFICE!

KING, MYRICK & CO.,

(Successors to E. W. Tracy & Co.,)

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST of E. W. TRACY & CO., in their

ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 58 Front Street,

We are prepared to continue the Business of ASSAYING GOLD DUST, ORES, &c.

Portland, April 10th, 1866. MARK A. KING,
ap10d2p1f JOSIAH MYRICK,
EDWARD WEBB.

R. HENDRIE,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FINE WINES!

BRANDIES AND LIQUORS,

51 Front Street,

m17 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

BARBOUR'S NO. 10 SHOE THREAD,
On hand and for sale low in quantities to suit.
E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Auction and Commission.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTIONEER,

No. 90 Front Street,

AUCTION SALES—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

OF

Real Estate, Stock, Furniture, Horses, and General Merchandise.

SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the City.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments.

A General Assortment of MERCHANDISE on hand at PRIVATE SALE AT AUCTION PRICES.

SPECIAL SALE,

THIS DAY,

MONDAY, Jan. 7th, 1867.

A Large Assortment of

Furniture,
Beds,
Bedding,
Carpets,
Stoves,
Picture
Mirrors, &c.

Also,

ON MONDAY, Jan. 7th, 1867,

SHERIFF'S SALE!

BY ORDER OF JACOB SEITZEL, SHERIFF,

On the Corner of

MORRISON AND THIRD STREETS,

At Bennett & White's Stable,

ONE LARGE DRAY TRUCK,
ONE FINE GRAY DRAY HORSE,

ON TUESDAY, Jan. 8th, 1867,

CONSTABLE SALE!

On the premises,

CORNER OF ALDER AND FIRST ST.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

Removal.

HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW STORE IN THE

O. S. N. Co's New Building,

And are now prepared to furnish goods in their line such as

PLAIN HOUSEHOLD

CROCKERY!

Fancy

China and Glassware!

ALSO

One of the Largest Assortments of

Lamps,
Shades,
Chimneys,
&c., &c.,

At the lowest market rates.

We are now opening a large assortment of goods for the

HOLIDAYS!

And persons desiring goods in that line are requested to call and examine our stock.

The country trade supplied with the utmost dispatch, on favorable terms. dec5d2p

HATS! HATS!

MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HATS, CAPS,

AND

HATTERS' MATERIALS.

No. 73 Front Street, Portland.

ARE RECEIVING, IN ADDITION TO THEIR EXtensive Stock, by every steamer, all the LATEST STYLES of New York, London and Parisian caps, for

Gentlemen's and Children's Wear.

Which they will sell

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

P. S.—Hats of every Style and Description MADE TO ORDER, also neatly repaired at

nov6dtf2p J. C. MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.

INCORPORATED.....JAN. 18TH, 1866.

OREGON

IRON WORKS,

Corner Morrison and Seventh Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS COMPANY HAVE LATELY ENLARGED their Works and by the introduction of the most improved Machinery and Tools, are fully able to compete with any Iron Works on this coast, both in the character of work, and their facilities for executing contracts and orders promptly for any kind of Machinery required, manufacturing—

MARINE, STATIONARY and PORTABLE ENGINES and BOILERS;

BATTERIES of any required weight;

WHEELER & RANDALL'S, FOUNTAIN, and MOORE'S GRINDERS and AMALGAMATORS;

Hungerford's CONCENTRATORS, SHOES and DIES;

PLOUGHING and SAW-MILL WORK;

PORTABLE STEAM SAW-MILLS;

LEFFEL & MYER'S AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEELS;

Shafting and Pulleys, Iron Fronts, Doors and Shutters, and all kinds of Machinery and Castings.

For the convenience of parties ordering Machinery of us we furnish at the lowest market prices, Battery Screens, Copper Plates, Leather and Rubber Belting.

Portland, October 20, 1866. A. C. GIBBS, Prest.
oct15d1f

WHO sells the best CIGARS in Portland?

Answer, STONE & NORMAN.

Who sells the best Chewing and Smoking Tobacco in Portland?

Answer, STONE & NORMAN.

Where can the Finest Meerschaum Pipes be always found?

Answer, at STONE & NORMAN'S,

Where can you find Yankee Notions and Fancy Goods of all kinds?

Answer, at STONE & NORMAN'S.

Where do you always get your money's worth?

Answer, at STONE & NORMAN'S.

For sale at Wholesale and Retail. Remember the place—N. E. Corner of First and Washington streets.

dec27 d1m2p

HAPPINESS OR MISERY!

THAT IS THE QUESTION!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "PACIFIC MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE" Have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the Great Social Evil, and those maladies which result from Youthful Follies, Excesses of Maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws. These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded FREE (secretary Parties Museum of Anatomy and Science, at the Eureka Theater, Montgomery St., San Francisco). Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co.

ap24d1awly2p

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

aug28 A. B. RICHARD

and Commission.

RICHARDSON,
IONEER
ront and Oak Streets.

ION SALES
GROCERIES GENERAL
DISE AND HORSES
dnesday and Saturday.
A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

ivate Sale.
ED BAR and BUNDLE IRON
K & OCTAGON CAST STEEL
FILES RASPS SAWS
ANS SHEET IRON, R G IRON
ALSO
ent of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Large and
PTORY SALE
OF
S, TOBACCO,
S, Furniture,
OOTS,
Merchandise
&C &C
JANUARY 9TH, 1867,
10 o'clock A M.
DO CIGARS,
CLAY "
BACCO, 2,000 pounds.
" 1,71- "
Candles:
ELLY'S CANDLES,
APPS "
MES S "
UNDER'S "
Soap:
STILE SOAP,
"
ILLS "
EMINERY SOAP,
Rice:
NA TABLE RICE,
I CHINA "
Oysters:
MPS OYSTERS,
BAUM'S "
UBLIN & BAKER S OYSTERS
ts and Shoes:
Sne Calf DRESS BOOTS full
Cavalry BOOTS 7x11.
ies' Kid Congress GAITERS,
Calf.
Dry Goods:
LVET 242 yards.
CHEVIOTS ALPACCA and
RE PATTERNS
Furniture:
-Room and
Kitchen Furniture,
RICHARDSON, Auct oneer.

LORD & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
ANDIES, WHISKIES,
ETC ETC
RONT STREET,
N FRANCISCO,
TS FOR THE PACIFI
celebrated WINES, etc of
DON'S
G FRERES, Bordeau
CO., Mayence-on-th.
AUS, Nuits.
ed a large shipment of Wines from
consisting of
ma's Imperial, Verre
ne, Fleur de Sillery
Nierstein Hochheim
ecette, Sparkling Sa
Freres' St. Julien Ca
rgaux, Chateau Yquem that
Sauternes
s' Burgundies, Chablis,
ain.
friends is called to these very
ffer at the lowest rates.
OLIVE OIL, in Cases
NUDD LORD & CO
Agents for the Pacific Coast.

AND NEW GOODS!
EINHEISER,
(Gerste & Reinhardt,)
ANDE, OREGON,
E IN ANNOUNCING TO HIS
mers that he has removed from
er formerly occupied by Gerste
he is just receiving an
NEW STOCK
OF
GOODS,
OTHING,
and SHOES,
's Caps,
ROVISIONS,
ors, &c.
on pleasure in thanking his many
for their past liberal patronage,
to merit an equal share of the
D NEINSTAEDTEL
ec. 1st, 1866. d2p3m

HODGE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
ONERY!
CHOOL BOOKS, WRAPPING
PAGE, BILL HEAD and FLAT
CARDS and CARD BOARDS,
TIONS and JUVENILE BOOKS
G DRAWING PAPERS,
S WRITING PLUID,
ERS & PENCILS
And PINE CUTLERY,
Manufacturers.
the Lowest Market Rates
JOHN G HODGE & CO.,
nd 420 Clay street,
San Francisco.

. CIGARS.
& CO.,
treet, San Francisco,
IMPORTERS
BRANDS OF ½-POUNDS
the Market
PPING;
ASKET;
OFFERING;
CHARM;
AL;
OOKS NATURAL LEAF,
, by every Steamer, Invoice
AVANA CIGARS,
or Duty Paid
WELL & CO.,
Front Street San Francisco.

SOAP CO.'S
NTRATED
POWDER.
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER
for WASHING and CLEANING
and contains nothing that will
Equally as good for using in
soap ever required to be used
und will make THREE GALLONS
is put up in 4 quarters of 1 lb
, bulk, with directions.
anufactured at
mmercial St., San Francisco.
lass Manufactures all kinds o
SOAPS, equal to Eastern Man
dec22m2pd

N SEINE TWINE,
ancisco prices by
E J NORTHRUP & CO.

MP RATLINE
E J NORTHRUP & CO.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING JAN 7 1867

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates - - - 97½
New York Gold Quotations - - - - 140

VANCE'S CASE RE-ARGUED.—The case of the State of Oregon vs. S. B. Vance was brought before Judge Shattuck Saturday on a writ of review a proceeding to determine whether the court below had committed an error of law in sentencing Vance to six months imprisonment for an assault and battery. The counsel of Vance both in the Recorder's Court and in the proceedings upon Saturday contended that the law of 1862 prescribing imprisonment for an assault and battery had been repealed by the act approved Dec. 19 1865 and that therefore it was an error of law to sentence to imprisonment at all for that offence. The Recorder held that Section 330 under which he sentenced Vance was not repealed because when the Legislature undertaking to do it (if even they designed to repeal the imprisonment clause at all) had not done it in the manner prescribed by the constitution Judge Shattuck held that the law of December 1865 amending the Justice's code if it were not void for want of compliance with the constitutional provision only went to the clause relating to fines and did not affect the clause relating to imprisonment. There were two or three minor points raised that were however of no interest to the public. The proceedings of Justice Hoffman were sustained as good in law. A notice of appeal was filed by Vance's counsel and the case will be certified to the Supreme Court of the State upon the expiration of the requisite bonds. Bail was fixed at $150—upon giving which Vance will be released from imprisonment. Practically this is a reduction of the punishment.

VANCOUVER ITEM.—On the authority of Brother Struve, we are able to state that the town of Vancouver has eight general merchandize establishments two variety stores, two drug stores one boot and shoe store, three tobacco stores one stationery store, four hotels, three restaurants and boarding houses ten saloons, three churches, (Episcopal, Methodist and Catholic) two meat markets, two livery stables, one college and preparatory school for young ladies, one orphan asylum, six lawyers, three physicians, three brokers, one printing office, two blacksmith shops, one tin ware store and shop one telegraph office one match factory, two wagon and carriage manufactories sixteen carpenters, one brewery three paint shops, three tailor shops four brick masons, two daymen, one post office, one public school, a Register and Receiver's office, one barber shop, one vegetable and feed store, one brick yard, one lumber yard. The balance of the population are engaged as clerks, laborers, mechanics, gentlemen of elegant leisure, grass widows, portable saw mills, &c &c. The whole population with in the corporate limits is about 1,500 which estimate does not include the persons in the mill duty service.... A son of Mr. Burgy aged twelve years, fell from a tree, one day last week and broke his arm ...Mr H. L. Gerke, on Wednesday, inflicted a severe cut upon one of his feet, while engaged in splitting wood with an axe. Hannah Daniel Nestor was seriously hurt on New Year's day by the premature discharge of a small gun. The following gentlemen are elected officers of Vancouver Lodge No 2 I O O F, for the ensuing semi-annual term: W T McConnell N G R J Moore, V. G. M.R. Hathaway Secretary; J.L. Rankin Treasurer. ...The editor of the *Register* Mr H. G Struve, denies a statement made by the Walla Walla *Statesman* that he is a candidate for Congress He says he "never has and does not now aspire to a position which has proven to be the political grave of every person who has filled it."

ASTORIA ITEMS.—The *Church* from Astoria, Saturday, brings intelligence that the *Crosby* had not yet succeeded in getting inside the bar She was standing off and on, awaiting an opportunity to cross, when the *Fearless* came in, on the 30th ult ...On Friday a rabble of roughs attempted to rescue from the marshal a young man who had been locked up for exhibiting a shaw with a knife, and when the officer was conducting to the jail, in default of payment. He had escaped once while in custody and while fleeing, the marshal had recaptured him and was on his way to the jail when the two were met by a crowd who assailed the marshal and shouted to the prisoner to run. The officer called on some bystanders to assist him which refused, but others went to his assistance and the assailants were beaten off and the prisoner secured in the jail. The marshal was knocked off the wharf during the melee. Two of the persons who refused to aid the marshal, one of them the wizard Herman, have since been fined $25 and costs, each Warrants are out for six or eight of the parties engaged in the attempted rescue, three of whom, ringleaders, have absconded.

CITY ITEMS.—We learn from the *Enterprise* of the 5th, that the business of the Oregon City Land Office for the year 1866, may be summed up thus —Twenty-seven entered under the Homestead Act, 45,974-61 160 acres; lands sold for cash, 7 715-4 acres; located by land warrants 2,316-61 100 acres; total, 55 703-12-1 0 acres The ... to-morrow evening, will discuss the question of capital punishment. The following are the officers of Oregon Lodge No. 3 I O O F for the ensuing six months, E B Collard, N G, C O T. Williams, V G, A J Appersen, R S, N W Randall, P S, Fred. Chapman, Treasurer The Trustees are Thos. J Rowley, A L Marshall and J K. Hughes ... G Adams, Grand Patriarch of the I O G T. for the State, lectured ... for the Good Templars and citizens Friday evening ... Nearly every business place in the city is filled up and new buildings are being put up.... Mr R. Jacob has become the shipping agent for the Oregon City Woolen Mills, upon the railway of Mr D F. Thompson.

A SHAM AND A CHEAT.—When Satan rebuked Sin, the world generally thought it a piece of most unmitigated hypocrisy and unparalleled effrontery So, when an old dotard, ... an early record connects him with railroad-bond swindling, poll-book manufactures, whose later manhood (God save the mark) never drew a breath but it was redolent of treason, who never left his home anywhere but with an incomprehensible load of the execrations of all decent men and women whose whole public life has been spent in the reeking, syphilitic cess-pools of the vilest sewers of vile politics, who aged scarred of turning his heart toward filial repentance, daily sinks, and sinks more deeply and darkly in its lifelong debauch, when such a man fashioneth the mantle of honor by assuming it, and prates of bribery and corruption, the hypocrisy and effrontery of Satan is fairly eclipsed. Nature never ... more joyfully and Hell never yawns wider than when such a man dies. Whose cast is this?

MILITARY ROAD A petition asking Congress to appropriate money for the improvement of the military road from the Columbia river to Fort Klamath and Fort ... is in circulation among the officers of this Department and it is to be presented to the ... The petition represents that the improvement is demanded as a military necessity ... a general ... on various charges, completed its labors on Wednesday. Another court is to be soon convened.... Martin convicted last Spring at Vancouver of grand larceny, has been pardoned by the Governor of the Territory.... Col. Wilkeson's company of artillery, stationed at Ft. Vancouver, will give a ball at ... Hall on the evening of the 8th, in commemoration of the battle of New Orleans There are stationed at Ft. Vancouver one company of artillery, one of cavalry and ... of the ordnance corps.

TREASURY SHIPMENTS.—During the late year, Wells, Fargo & Co. shipped treasure as follows:

Jan	$244,000
Feb	276 000
March	415,000
April	225 000
May	559 000
June	444 000
July	634 000
August	701,000
Sept	519,000
Oct	536,000
Nov	450,000
Dec	
Total	25,483,000

U S TAXES IN PORTLAND.—His Honor the Mayor, stated in his ... age to the Council, the other night, that the taxes paid by the people of Portland during the last year, amounted to an aggregate of over $400 000 ... and that of that amount, $150,000 was raised by the United States The Mayor made a ... error of considerable ... but as will be found by an examination of the books of the Federal Assessor, which show that the whole sum of Federal taxes paid in 1866 by the people of this city, was only $30 000 in legal tender, and ... about 264 000 in coin The difference between ... this showing and the figures of the Mayor is $30 000 ... of Federal tax above stated includes taxes on ... and tea ... and the special tax on carriages ... and gilt and silver plate. It is the whole amount raised from all sources

POST OFFICE ARRANGE.—The *Portland* of the 24 inst says Quincy A. Brooks, Mail Agent, in charge of the Pacific States and Territories, is transferred to the Special ... of Oregon. B C Truman of New York, just arrived, takes charge of the Special Agency of California Parties living in California, Nevada and Arizona, wishing to ... business with the Special Agent, should address their letters to Mr Truman at San Francisco Persons in Oregon Washington and Idaho, having business with the Special Agent, should address Mr Brooks at Portland, Oregon

QUICK WORK On Saturday a stranger was seen to help ... to a pair of boots from a case in front of the store of Mr. J Schwartz, on Front street, and make off with ... A gentleman on the opposite side of the street, who saw the theft committed, also called officer Hudson of the fact, and also that the man had gone into a store on Main st. Hudson followed and found the man with the boots, trying to sell them to the shop keeper He was arrested and lodged in the city jail, but refused to give any name The charge against him will be tried this morning in the Recorder's court.

SAW SAWING.—The Oregon City *Enterprise* speaks of the sawing capacity of the Canemah and Basin saw mills ... from 5,000 to 7,000 feet per day—as being worthy of ... One day last week we happened to meet Mr Mc Ash, of one of the Portland steam mills, and he showed us the figures of the foreman's work, something over 8,000 feet. That's the way we do it here. We think Oregon City a slow ranch.

BRIGS. AUCTION TO-DAY.—Kilbourn wants several ... of soldiers to-day at his special auction sale of dry ... goods, furniture, bedding carpets, etc., at his ... rooms, and as many as can make it convenient to ... at his sale by order of the sheriff at the stable on the corner of Second and Morrison streets

COIN AND LEGAL TENDER QUOTATIONS.—The finance and trade report of the *New Berlin* of Dec. 20 quotes gold as closing in New York on Saturday the 29th ult. at 139@140. This is the latest quotation of gold On the evening of Jan. 2d, legal tenders were quiet at 74c buying, and 75c selling.

THE PRESS.—From Mr Murray of Barrett's, we have received a large bundle of new papers, including all the ... Journals, the leading New York papers, *Harper's* ... *Leslie's*, etc. etc. Also a new novel by Charles Lever—which we shall look into soon

YREKA MAN'S LAW ASSOCIATION.—The following officers were chosen Friday evening, to serve for the ensuing month: A. A. Moreland, President; B. S. Sybee, Vice-President; E. F Howell, Secretary; Lafayette Lane, ...

WILLAMETTE FRESHETS.—The *Albert* on Saturday brought down 136 boxes spices 43 sacks oats 1 lot of ... 2 cases goods 1024 quarter sacks flour 193 sacks feed 1 package, 4 boxes mdse and 4 bales skins.

LATE PAPERS.—We have from McCormick a large lot of late Eastern papers It is needless to particularize for McCormick has them all He has also *Harper* and *Godey* for January

FISH DURING.—The McAlister coal road is now in splendid condition for logging driving and if a gill bracing weather it will be in ... if any want a spring ... other fresh salmon please say so and we will turn out on big, these pleasant days

In the first issue of 1867 Harris Bros take pleasure in announcing that they have succeeded in obtaining that popular stand on the corner of Front and Morrison where they will be happy to meet their old friends about the first of February next

AN HONEST MACHINE.—The Rev W G Hubbard of Wilson, N Y writes to the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Company I have regarded your machines as the most perfect in construction and working, of any I have seen; but now after taking it to pieces I admire it more and more. *It is an honest machine* and I hope every man and woman who owns one will take pattern from it, in principle and duty

A child can operate a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine It sows from two common spools, makes a stitch stronger than that made by hand, and its simplicity is marvelous in comparison to its capacity The elegant embroidery which is now so popular is all executed by this celebrated sewing machine. WM CRAMER & Co, agents, 168 Front street Portland

The New York Press on the Message

[From the New York Tribune.]

There is much that Mr Johnson might have done He has missed many golden opportunities but none so glorious as this Congress came from the people magnanimous and kind There was no disposition to remember anything that had been done—not even the shameless antagonism to the people in the recent elections All good men trusted that one word might be said that would show a disposition on the part of the President to reach a solution of the many difficulties surrounding the country. All that his Excellency had done was no longer remembered when we saw the peace he might bring to a harassed nation, loving kindness and rest. We believe that there was no feeling of resentment to the President, not even in the hearts of the most radical members of Congress, that would not have given way before the slightest tendency of the President to harmonize the country. He clings to his dogmas with as much tenacity as when he hoped to carry the country in the late elections There is not one word for the negro—not one word for the loyal in the South—not one sentence which might not as well have been written a hundred years ago as to-day, for all the comfort and truth it brings

We have no heart to dwell upon this dreary, lifeless document There is nothing that any loyal man can read with comfort or hope An drew Johnson is as much an enemy as when he menaced the nation from his White House steps ten months ago He does not mean to aid us in the work of reconstruction. The duty developing upon Congress becomes more solemn and responsible, and we look to Congress with infinite yearning Let there be kindness and patience, charity toward all, malice toward none, firmness and devotion, but, above all, a single hearted determination, come well or ill, despite Presidents or Cabinets, to labor without ceasing, until over this land there shall be peace and rest, liberty and protection, and all rights for all

[From the Herald.]

It is an argument to the court after the jury had rendered their verdict. It may be compared to a history of France, omitting the revolution which overthrew the Bourbons—as a trivial matter not worth mentioning in pleading their claims to the throne

It is indeed remarkable, that after deliberately subwitting his Southern policy against the plan of Congress to the people in the late elections, the President should not have a word to say of the will of the people, as made manifest in these elections He talks of the "ancient landmarks," as if none of them had been swept away by the late Southern deluge of fire and blood, as if the war had changed nothing, and as if the recent elections had decided nothing In a word, Mr Johnson forgets that we have passed through the fiery ordeal of a mighty revolution, and that the pre-existing order of things is gone and can return no more—that a great work of reconstruction is before us, and that we cannot escape it. Taking it for granted, however, that this superfluous argument of the Executive or his exploded policy as only an ingenious device, with his colors flying, for turning over the whole matter absolutely into the hands of Congress, where it belongs, we may dismiss this branch of the message without further remark.

[From the Times.]

It has suited the Democratic press to belittle the significance of the recent elections, but only something a little short of judicial blindness can have led Mr Johnson to rely upon the Democratic rendering of popular opinion He, of all men, should be able to estimate correctly the import of the verdict pronounced at the polls He cannot complain of having been misrepresented or misunderstood. He was the exponent of his own cause He activo, energetic champion of his own cause He submitted his policy, in contradistinction to the policy of Congress, to the people of the North and West, and everywhere avowing confidence in the rectitude of their intentions and in the sagacity of their judgment When they decided against him, therefore—when they repudiated his policy and ranged themselves on the side of Congress—it became his duty, not indeed to abandon his convictions, but to accept the will of the people as the law of his Administration, and either to withdraw all opposition to the Congressional plan or to propose some new basis of adjustment By neglecting to pursue one or the other of these courses he lost the last opportunity of effecting a reconciliation with the great majority of the party that elected him, and has furnished a weapon to his adversaries which they will yield to his detriment

The South, already obstinate to the verge of insolence, will plead the weight of the Executive example And this state of things, bad as it is, and wide-spread as it seems to be, will grow worse under the influence of the feeling that the President is on the Southern side, and is fighting Congress in their behalf

The Radicals in Congress, meanwhile are not slow to avail themselves of the pretext which the message affords them In a day or two the appointing power in his hands will be reduced to a nullity, and the power to pardon under the Amnesty Act will be revoked How much further the attack upon his position will be carried, we venture not to prophesy Enough that the renewal of the argument against the policy of Congress will assuredly be used to feed and intensify a most disastrous conflict of authority

[From the World.]

Both the tone and the arguments of the message, on the leading topic, are excellent. In dignity, decorum and chaste simplicity of language, few messages ever sent to Congress have been more creditable. It is entirely free from the asperity sometimes too freely exhibited in Mr Johnson's popular speeches In his reasoning there is nothing wire-drawn; there are no fetches of ingenuity, but a straightforward presentation of the solid grounds of his policy. If the exclusion of part of the States from Congress is justifiable now, it will be equally justifiable ... ten, twenty, fifty years hence

A Flooded Country

The Marysville *Appeal* of Dec 27th says

We made the round trip from Marysville to Sacramento on Tuesday, leaving this city in the steamer *Governor Dana* at 9 o'clock A M Between Marysville and Nicolaus the country has not suffered materially, but from the latter place to Sacramento the land is completely inundated On the entire route we found little else to mark the line of the Feather and Sacramento rivers but the trees skirting their submerged banks The extent of the flood begins to show itself as the Bear river bottoms are approached After passing the old Nicolaus ranch everything is under water On a few of the ranches between this point and a junction of the Feather and the Sacramento rivers, occasional strips of land were found above water, on which were congregated cattle, sheep, hogs, turkies and chickens In many places there was just *terra firma* enough to make a standing place Looking north, an open sea extended to the foot of the South Buttes In fact the flood was universal Towards Knight's Landing we could see the steam of the flouring mill rise from the vast lake like the mist from the rays of a warm sun The scattering trees along the banks of the rivers were alive with quail, driven there for refuge Levees were broken, and the water rushing into the low tule lands in torrents At many points strong currents were running south from the American across the Feather, and filling the tule lands towards Sacramento Arriving at Fremont, it was difficult to distinguish the junction of the rivers where it seemed to be anchored by the chain Water was standing several inches in depth about the houses of the town and but few persons and no stock were visible After taking on three passengers from the Nicolaus side, we steamed rapidly down the Sacramento As we proceeded the waters seemed to advance in height and the destruction increased. Everything was submerged on either side of the river, and at various points the levee had broken through and the waters were pouring out toward the lower lands of Yolo county In some half dozen places farmers were seen endeavoring to stay their levees or to turn the currents away from buildings To us the labor looked as futile as to attempt to stop the waves of Niagara Falls We were unable to communicate with the sufferers but evidently the loss of stock on the whole route, is slight The principal damage will be loss of levees and grown grain Wherever fields were crossed by currents the young grain will be washed out more or less Just before arriving at Sacramento we took a retrospective view from the deck of the *Governor Dana* The Buttes seemed to be standing in a sea of water and not a vestige of land was in sight Apparently our steamer could have sailed thither in a direct line We passed by the country in this vicinity during the flood time of 1862 and feel confident the waters were higher on Tuesday than ever before seen by Americans At Sacramento everything was quiet. There was plenty of mud inside the levees and an abundance of water on the outside Judging from the ax marks on the old sycamore stump on the levee, between K and L streets, the waters stood a few inches higher than any time during the flood of 1862 The rivers had inundated streets and buildings north of I street, but we judge no particular damage had been done The American river was as still as a goose pond, being set back by the barometer

PORTLAND ACADEMY AND FEMALE SEMINARY

Studies will not be resumed in this school until Monday January 7th 1867 There will then be a partial reorganization of classes and pupils will be admitted and charged only for the remainder of the quarter

C. H. MACK,

DENTIST,

Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery

The patronage of those who desire and can appreciate FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS is especially solicited

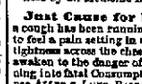
OFFICE—Washington St., corner of Front Parrish's Block, up stairs an30dawtf

ATTENTION DISCHARGED VOLUNTEERS!

Discharged Soldiers entitled to the EXTRA BOUNTY under the Act of Congress, approved July 28, 1866 who wish their application papers properly prepared will do well to call on the undersigned For particulars see fourth page of this paper

A BUSHWILER, Claim Agent
Publication Office of the *Daily Oregonian*,
No 11 Washington St, Portland, Oregon

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS

The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths $1 00 Warm Baths, 50 cents

CHAS F WINGARD Proprietor,
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Washington street, near Front
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☞ The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves Restoring the Lost Appetite, is

PRESCOTT'S HAMBURG TEA

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, if used timely Composed of herbs only it can be safely given to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish and German with every package TRY IT!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries EMIL FRESE Wholesale Druggist, Sole Agent, 410 Clay Street, San Francisco.
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WM. KOEHLER,

DENTIST.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE removed to YAMHILL STREET 2 doors from Front, (round the corner of Northrup's Hardware Store.

Appreciating the most Liberal Patronage by my friends and the public generally during my residence in this city I hope and take pleasure by diligent attention and Scientific Treatment to see the same continued as heretofore.

N B —To strangers I would say, that a constantly increasing Dental Practice for the last 4 years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First-Class and Finished Piece of Work Numerous testimonials to the same can be given at this Office

Dental Consultation and Advice Free of Charge to all.
mch7dtf

THE TEETH! THE TEETH!

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Having lately returned from San Francisco, would inform his friends and the public generally that he is now prepared to meet the demands for DENTAL WORK All the Latest Improvements and Inventions in Dentistry will be found in his office, and all operations in the Dental Art will be personally attended by Dr C As to his previous efforts he would respectfully refer to those cases that have already come under his management apr1dtf

IMPORTANCE OF HAVING DAVIS' PAIN KILLER ALWAYS ON HAND.

Wonderful Cure of the Rev D L. Brayton Missionary in India who was stung by a Scorpion

Extract from his letter, published in the Baptist Missionary Magazine

'For the first time since I have been in India, I have been stung by a scorpion I went out this morning to my exercises, as usual, at early dawn and having occasion to open an old box on taking off the cover I put my hand on a scorpion which immediately resented the insult by thrusting its sting into the palm of my hand The instantaneous and severe pain which darted through the system is quite incredible, what an awful virulent pain their sting must contain! I flew to my bottle of DAVIS PAIN KILLER and found it to be true to its name after a few moments' relief. I saturated a small piece of sponge bound it on my hand, and went about by exercise, feeling no more particular inconvenience.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers. dec17lm

Just Cause for being Alarmed.—When a cough has been running for a long time, and you begin to feel a pain setting in upon your lungs attend with tightness across the chest, it is high time that you should awaken to the danger of your disease which is fast running into fatal Consumption Now, before it is too late use ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM which will cure the disease, and all will be well with you. For sale by the dealers in family medicine generally dec17lm

The Graefenberg Company's Uterine CATHOLICON does not contain one particle of calomel or mercury, and cases of female Complaints which require other treatment than the Catholicon are extremely rare. It should be used in all cases of Deranged Monthly Periods, Weakness, Irregular Appetite Nervousness Headache, Disturbed Sleep Acid Stomach Nausea, Indigestion and Pains and Difficulties connected with the Uterine Organs

THE URERINE CATHOLICON

Is a most successful remedy for Gravel and all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, while in the troublesome symptoms attending Pregnancy the beneficial effects of the Catholicon are most remarkable. It is a perfect restorer to functional and general health from budding womanhood to the turn of life, and those patients who have used the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S UTERINE CATHOLICON find difficulty in expressing their thankfulness for the beneficial effects of this wonderful medicine.

REDINGTON & CO, Sole Agents
dec21d1m3p 416 and 418 Front Street, San Francisco

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVED

Sunday Evening, 6 Jan 6th—Steamer *Pacific*, Wm Metzger Commander, three days from San Francisco

MEMORANDA

Cal furnia Steam Navigation Company's steamship *Pacific* left San Francisco January, 3d at 10 50 A. M; arrived off Columbia River Bar January 5th, at 7 P M arrived at Astoria at 8.40; left at 9-7, and arrived at Portland at 6.30 I M

PASSENGERS

From San Francisco per steamer *Pacific*—Gen Adair & 2 children, Mrs Mendell & servant, I A Mason Mrs M A Thomas & daughter G E Thompson & son J M Pearl man W O Morgan O Weeks wife & 4 children Dr T G Kearns G Ainsly, G Jones J Lyons, J C Hughes, J McKinzie, Geo E Cole wife & 2 children, Mrs Atkinson, J D Bamont D Smith & wife M Stringer F A Sackett J Grewold E Pallster J H Morgan E Golden J E Bingham Oliver Howe Messrs Mrs M McMan H Bird A Sam Goen, S A Frankenau, A Frankenau Dr S Wistar Rev A Myers, John Graham John O Neil Charles Smith T H Tanner Miss S Tanner A F Wyatt, Thomas Giles, V Guenti W McDowell M W Taylor I D Gray F Scott wife & Child A C Carrier, H B F Childers (W F & Co's messenger) and 25 others

CONSIGNEES

Per str *Pacific*—Allen & Lewis, Bloom & Moskowitz Bloom Bros & Co A Myers, Baum Bros, Crawford Slocum & Co A B Elfelt & Co Camp & Co, Co E Catalin Everding & Bocho, E J Noel top & Co H Quackenbush, Emil Lowenstein & Co, H Failing Freiman & Co G Sinder Geo Abernethy F Wagner G Hall Hayward C Inman & Co G Herrall H Martin & Co, H W Corbett Hodge Calef & Co Corbitt & Macleay J Bloom J M Breck, J Isaacs & Co J L Parrish & Co, E C Mensdorffer & Bro K B & Co J W P Huntington McLaren Bros, Milwain & Joynt O Rowe O Connor & Co A B Richardson R G Sneath Smith & Davis, S G Skidmore Sherlock & Co S Farrell Savier & Co Seller Frankenau & Co J Underhill & Co Wilcox & Stubridge Wasserman & Co O S N Co A H White A D Shelby Hogan & Co, Wells Fargo & Co.

Religious Books!

A FRESH SUPPLY AT THE

CHURCH BOOK DEPOSITORY

OVER J. L. PARRISH & CO'S.
dec31 d3t

Notice.

HIGGINS & CO have removed their Soap Factory to No 8 Front Street, on the levee block north of the O S N Co's wharf

H & Co WARRANT all Soap sold by them after December 1st, 1866, equal to the best brands of imported Staten soap and they will sell as cheap as any of the inferior brands manufactured in San Francisco.

Oregon Statesman and Walla Walla *Statesman* please copy one month o 1

CHAS. HODGE CHAS. E. CALEF GEO W. BUELL

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

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PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOW GLASS,

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500 CASES DEVOE SANDRAVOLDS, PRATT & CO S at the LOWEST MARKET RATES FOR CASH

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Dealers in Drugs Paints and Oils

92 Front Street, Portland

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For Sale--To Let--Wants.

For Rent.

A FINE TWO-STORY RESIDENCE ON MARKET Street, between Front and Water Streets. Seven Rooms Kitchen Wood house and Cellar also water Rent $25 a month Also one small house on same street Four Rooms Wood shed, Kitchen and water furnished Rent $12 a month janddtf

House to Rent.

A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT THE CORner of First and C streets Couch's Addition This house has seven rooms hall and four attics all handfinished has plenty of yard room fruit trees and shrubbery A stable to let

Enquire of J B WHITE at Taylor's Hotel 169 Front Street jan4dtf

Farm For Sale.

160 ACRES FARM ON THE COWLITZ RIVER Kelsoma, W T, for sale low The improvements consist of a

DWELLING HOUSE,

70x40 with seven rooms a good BARN 40x60 with stable and granary a large frame building for cattle feeding 40x80 with 160 feet each of bay racks and mangers for roots, with a drive way between, a good

Bearing Orchard,

mostly winter fruit (605 boxes sold this season) Plenty of ash timber for fuel, and fir and cedar for building purposes.

One half of the purchase money can remain on mortgage at one per cent per month

Transportation on farm products by steamboat to Portland is lower than any place in Oregon or Washington Territory, and taxes in Cowlitz county are very low

For further particulars apply to

CHARLES HOLMAN,
Portland Or gon

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE CHEAP, for cash in hand BLOCK NO 110, in East Portland For particulars apply to the undersigned at the What Cheer House city of Portland

MRS ADELAIDE DECKER
Dec. 27, 1866 dec28d1w

Wanted.

A GIRL, TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK IN A small family Must be well recommended Apply at the OREGONIAN OFFICE.
dec18 dtf

To Let.

THE new building situated between the Whatcheer and Columbian The upper stories are all hard finished, and divided off into rooms very suitable for a first-class Hotel or boarding house

Apply to PARRISH & ATKINSON
dec14dtf

For Sale.

CHEAP FOR CASH ONE SMALL HOUSE AND LOT, corner of Fifth and Alder Street Inquire of D E BUCHANAN
dec24tf Between 4th and 5th on Washington Street

For Rent.

FOUR ROOMS WILL BE RENTED TO DESIRABLE tenants at

REDUCED PRICES,

in the building occupied Messrs J T Underhill & Co., on Front Street. Apply to

LADD & TILTON
dec18tf

For Rent.

THAT LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE ON Front Street, corner of Stark, at the Ferry Landing, now occupied by Friedlaus & Co., as a Tin Store also, ROOMS IN THE SECOND STORY, suitable for Offices. Enquire at THIS OFFICE

For Sale.

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WILL BE SOLD AT
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In Oregon, wants to take charge of the Cooking Department of a

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JUST RECEIVED FROM J E HARBISON OF SACramento 1,200 pounds extra No 1 HONEY to perfect order Call and try it

A liberal discount made to the trade

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A FINE LOT OF FAT AND FRESH

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!

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L. GROSS,

HAS REMOVED HIS

DRUG STORE!

TO THE

Handsome Building of C M Carter,

Corner of Alder and Front Sts.,

PORTLAND OREGON,

WHICH HE HAS FITTED UP ELEGANTLY, and intends to keep as a

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

And offers to his numerous customers and those that will honor him with their patronage a well-selected stock of

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

PERFUMERY,

FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,

Extracts,

ESSENTIAL OILS, HERBS

And an assortment of all popular

Patent Medicines, &c.

ALSO

PAINTS, OILS,

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Thanking those who formerly favored him with their custom he respectfully asks further patronage

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☞ A NIGHT BELL is attached to the door and Prescriptions put up at all hours of the night

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Would inform the Dentists that he has constantly on hand

The Best Selected Stock of

DENTAL GOODS!

In the State of Oregon such as

TEETH, INSTRUMENTS, FORCEPS,

GOLD FOIL, &c.,

Which he will Sell at the Lowest possible Prices

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will constantly find a full assortment of goods in their line at

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Which he will SELL AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

Best NEGATIVE & SUN PEARL COLLODION always on hand

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to and despatched nov12d3p2m

HOLIDAY GOODS!

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT FROM THE BEST American, French and German Manufactories of

TOYS,

LADIES' TOILET and

WORK BOXES,

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, WITH BOXES,

ALBUMS,

WRITING DESKS OR SECRETARIES,

Together with a great variety of

Holiday Presents!

Received by the last Steamer and for sale at reasonable rates by

J. SCHONFELD & CO.,

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Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.,

85 First Street, Cor Washington,
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TOYS!

WORK BOXES!

ALBU

A Perfect Treasure.

From Chambers' Journal.

I am not the man to have hobbies—far from it—but everybody, I suppose, likes one thing more than another, and what I like is Plate, good serviceable gold and silver, such as is pleasant to see upon one's table, whether by sunshine or candlelight, and which one likes one's guests to see. It is whispered by malignant persons (so at least certain good natured friends tell me), that I should not give so many dinner parties, if it were not to exhibit these costly articles. I am not conscious of such a motive for my hospitality; but if it exist, it need not surely be objectionable; it is I who have to pay for the weakness, and not my friends—as happens in some cases I could name. If I possessed a selection of the most hideous china in the whole world, and filled my drawing-rooms with unhappy persons *after* dinner, who were compelled to buy down before Bel and the Dragon (if I may say so without impiety), as Colonel Twankay does, for instance, *then* I grant you there would be some ground of complaint; or if I invited people to "at-homes" every Wednesday evening (a most impertinent form of invitation, in my opinion) in order that they should have the pleasure of hearing me confute Professor Piebald upon the question of the Theory of Development, as my good friend Dr. Twistie is in the habit of doing; or if I had a daughter with high notes, and inveigled the Unwary with a bait of "a little music," like my neighbor, the Hon. Mrs. Matcham—so proud and stuck up, that she is as often as not called Lucifer Matcham—who, I dare say, thinks her invitations quite an honor to the recipients. But there; I have no pretence to speak about such peoples. These, forsooth, are the persons—forsooth with their tea and thin bread and butter, and three-penny worth of cream, and with what they call "a light refreshment" to follow—weak lemonade and cheap ices—to charge me with the crime of Ostentation!

It was not looking at my gold and silver plate, I suppose, which made my mother-in-law bilious; she might have stopped a long time, at some other houses I could name, without getting the quality or even the quantity, of food which would produce an indisposition of that kind. Mind, I don't blame her; she gave way to an amiable weakness (it was truffles,) poor lady, and she suffered for it more than enough. Neither was it mere Ostentation, I suppose, that caused me to provide her with a sick-nurse—Mrs. Maqueechy. My wife, of course, did everything she could for her mother, but ours is a large household, and we see a good deal of company; so we thought it best to provide a person exclusively to wait upon her. We had the highest written testimonials as to character, and her behavior was everything we could wish. Instead of "interfering," and setting the other domestics by the ears, as persons of her class are accused of doing, she kept herself to herself, and when anything was wanted, she would fetch it in person, rather than give anybody trouble. I used to meet her walking all over the house upon these little errands, and I noticed, to her great credit, that though she must have weighed nearly twelve stone, she made no noise.

She so won upon me, indeed—for I am not at all a man to be familiar with my inferiors, and should certainly not "take pleasure in exhibiting my place to a maid-of-all-work or a crossing sweeper," as some people have been so good as to affirm—I say I was so pleased with Mrs. Maqueechy's quiet and respectful manners, that, finding her upon one occasion in the dining-room admiring my two new shield-shaped salvers upon the sideboard I took pains to explain to her the design of the engraving, and especially the embossed cipher; with which her intelligent mind was highly pleased. In short, she was a perfect treasure, and if we had wanted a housekeeper, or any confidential servant of that sort, I should certainly have retained Mrs. Maqueechy in that position, after her duties as a sick nurse were concluded; and in that idea my wife entirely concurred. Mrs. Maqueechy was neither young nor good looking, but a more thoroughly respectable looking person in her condition of life, it was not easy to find. Although I had every confidence in Bowles—Bowles has had the charge of my plate these ten years—yet there seemed somehow to be a double warrant for the safeguard of my property, while Mrs. Maqueechy was under my roof. She was not a suspicious person, far from it; but she once remarked to me, in a meaning way, that the charge of so much valuable plate was a great responsibility, and would be often a temptation to some people; and I saw she kept her eye on Bowles. As the event proved, alas! Mrs. Maqueechy had only too good reason to do so.

Last Wednesday, we happened to have rather a large dinner party; I had been dining out a good deal at various clubs lately, and of course it was necessary to invite my entertainers in return. It is not that I will *ask anybody* to come and admire my plate, but certainly some of the men were not intimate friends of mine, but only acquaintances. However, I suppose the fact of persons belonging to such clubs as I frequent is a sufficient guaranty for their social position. They were quite good enough, in my opinion, to meet Mrs. Lucifer Matcham at all events, and they met her. The dinner had gone off unobtrusively well. The shield-shaped salvers had been very much admired, and so had my new tureen. The ladies had retired to the drawing room, and I had just passed the vine-leaf claret-jug to Colonel Twankay, (on which the old hunks did not pass the slightest remark, by the by) when Bowles stooped down and whispered in my ear that a person wished to see me in the Hall, upon very important business.

"Ask him what it is," said I. "It is impossible that I can leave my guests."

"I did ask him, sir, and he refused to state," replied Bowles, confidentially. "It is my opinion he's a begging-letter impostor; but he says he must see you in person."

I was upon the point of saying, "Tell him to leave his name," when something or other in Bowles' manner struck me so forcibly that I resolved not to do so. Why should I be shy of a man, about whom he could know nothing, was a begging-letter impostor? Perhaps I placed rather too much confidence in my butler, as Mrs. Maqueechy had hinted that very morning. Actuated by a vague presentment of distrust and danger, I rose from the table, made a hasty apology to my friends, and went with Bowles into the Hall. A shabby-genteel sort of person, answering, indeed, very tolerably to my man's description of him, was standing by the umbrella-stall.

"What is it you want of me, sir?" said I, in a magisterial tone.

"One minute's private conversation with you," replied he; with a glance at the butler.

"You may leave us, Bowles," said I; and he withdrew accordingly, although, I am bound to say, very unwillingly. The thought flashed across me like lightning, "Bowles has something to fear from this man's disclosure," and the next words of my visitor confirmed me in the suspicion.

"I am a member of the detective police force," said he, "and I came to warn you that there is something wrong in your house."

"Nothing to do with my plate, I hope?" said I, with considerable anxiety.

"Very much to do with it, sir," returned he, grimly. "There is a thief hardened here; and by this time to-morrow you will not have a silver spoon in my possession, unless I find him out. I must see every soul you have got under your roof."

"A thief!" said I; "impossible! I never have even so much as a strange waiter. That butler has lived with me for ten years, and my two footmen, even longer. I will answer for their honesty."

"Let me *see* 'em, sir, that's all *I* want," was the decisive reply.

"It is not Bowles?" said I, appealingly; "don't say it's Bowles;" but, although it agitated me beyond measure to think that I should have to trust a new butler with all my plate, I confess that I had a horrible idea that it was Bowles.

"I think not," said the detective, quietly. "Let me see the other men." I turned the gas light over the door as high as it would go, and called them both into the hall.

"It is not them," said he. "What other man have you got in the house?"

"None but my guests," said I, "here in the dining room."

"Do you know them all very well, sir? Are none of them mere acquaintances or neighbors?"

"Well," returned I with hesitation, and feeling very glad that Mrs. Matcham was not a third party to this interview, "I know some, of course, better than others."

"Just so," said the detective quietly; "then I must see them."

This was a shocking proposal, and made me feel hot all over; but still I was not going to run any risk with those shield-shaped salvers. Major Pinkey, I now remembered, had expressed a great wish to examine them, and perhaps that fact had had some weight in my inviting him to dinner. Who the deuce Major Pinkey was—except that he belonged to the club—I certainly knew no more than the detective, and perhaps a great deal less. Still it seemed a very base thing to open the dining-room door, and let this fellow scrutinize my guests, in hopes to find a scoundrel among them.

"Upon my life," said I, "Mr. Detective, I can't do it."

"Very right, sir; very natural," replied he, smiling in his quiet way. "It would never do, would it? But look you, sir; I'm a waiter, a hired waiter. Who is to know that I have not business at your sideboard? In one minute I could run my eye over the whole lot, and spot my man, if he's there, as sure as taxes."

I did not like even this arrangement, but still it seemed the only thing to be done. So, sending for Bowles, I arranged with him the plan of proceeding, and then returned to the dining-room. My feelings are not to be described, when, a few minutes afterward, sitting at the head of my table, I heard the door open, and knew that the detective was in the room. He was much longer at the sideboard than he had promised to be, and every hair on my head seemed to stand upright all the time. Suppose he should suddenly fall on Major Pinkey, and cry, "This is my man!" Nay, suppose Colonel Twankay himself should prove the offender. I seemed to have lost all confidence in my fellow-creatures. After a period of anxiety no measure of time could indicate, the supposed waiter took his departure.

"You've got a new man, I see," said Dr. Twistie, carelessly; "with so much plate about, I hope you are satisfied about his honesty."

I was exceedingly glad to find old Twistie was honest, and had not been taken by the shirt frill and walked off to Bow street; but of course I could not tell him that.

"Please, sir, you're wanted again," whispered Bowles, as he brought in another bottle of claret.

"If the chimney is on fire, I am glad we have dined," observed the Major, good-humoredly. "If I can be of any service, pray commend me."

I did not inform him what a relief it was to me that he was not wanted, but, remarking that it was only a little domestic matter, I once more sought the inspector.

"The one I'm after is not among them, sir, so far as I know," observed this official, jerking his thumb in the direction of the dining-room. "Are you sure that there are no more men in your house besides there I have seen?"

"Yes," said I; there are no more."

"Then, now I must have a look at the ladies."

"The ladies!" cried I, aghast at this proposal. "You don't want to go into the drawing-room?"

"It would be more satisfactory," observed the detective, coolly. "My information is very reliable. But, at all events, who is there?"

"Well," said I, "my wife is there, for one; you have no information against her, I suppose?"

He nodded satisfaction so far.

"Then there's the Honorable Mrs. Matcham and her daughter."

"Safe!" rejoined the detective, checking them off on his fingers.

"Mrs. Twistie, of Regalia Square, and Lady Bobbington."

"I suppose they're all right," remarked my inquisitor, doubtfully. "Are you sure there are no more?"

"There's my mother-in-law, but she's in her own room, and exceedingly unwell."

"Very good," observed the detective, inconsequentially. "There's a plant somewhere in this house, however; you may take your oath of that, and very likely in the last place where you would ever look for it; so now I must see the maids."

It was astonishing even to myself in what complete subjugation this man had placed me. Once, and once only, a terrible misgiving seized me—I was as full of suspicions by this time as a porcupine of quills, and darted them in as many directions—that the detective himself was a "Pinch" that would presently blossom into a burglar; but my overtaxed mind refused to bear this burden. If it was so, I would trust to his clemency—just as an inhabitant of Dubernia, deserted by Feldzeugmeister von Benedek, might have trusted to a Prussian—to leave me a silver fork or two to carry on the business of life. If this man turned out to be anything less than what he described himself to be, all authority would henceforth lose its effect with me. If Solomon had ever had to do with a metropolitan detective, he would never have spoken so slightingly of mankind. I had read of "the grasp of the law" in works of fiction, but I had never understood the tremendous nature of that figure until I felt this gentleman's knuckles (metaphorically) inserted in my little cravat. He had to repeat, "So now I must see the maids," in his undeniable manner, before I could collect myself sufficiently to lead the way to the kitchen—a spot to which I should not alone have ventured to penetrate. To say that the cook and the kitchen-maid stared at the phenomena of our presence, is to underrate their powers of vision.

"Now, I dare say you have no charwoman nor any temporary assistant, my good lady, even on an occasion like the present," observed my companion urbanely; "but you and this young woman do all the work yourselves."

"That's true, sir; we don't mind hard work now and then," returned the cook, tossing her head; "and besides, I don't like strangers in my kitchen," added she, with meaning, "especially when I'm busy, and would rather have their room than their company."

I could have given that woman five shillings on the spot (and I did so the next morning) for that rapid discharge of words; the detective's tongue, although I had found it so terrible a weapon, was silenced by my domestic needle-gun, and he retired much discomfited, I could see, notwithstanding that that he strove to conceal his defeat beneath a contemptuous smile.

"Now, if I'd been an ordinary policeman, and in uniform," whispered he to me, as we reached the hall again, "I could have come over that cook in no time."

Without remarking upon this confession of defeat, I led the way up the to nursery. The servants in that department were not unused to visitors, and evidently imagined that my companion was some family-man among my guests, who had expressed a wish to see the "dear children" in their cribs. He, on his part, immediately understood the *role* he was expected to play, and walked admiringly from cot to cot, as though he were a connoisseur in babies.

"Charming children, and well taken care of, I can see," observed he, with rather a familiar nod (I thought) towards the under nurse. "It's neither of *them*," he added in a low whisper. "You have got a housemaid or two, I suppose?"

His tone was exactly that which an ogre might have used in making inquiries concerning the larder at a Cannibal inn.

The housemaids were inspected and pronounced to be free from suspicion. "But I cannot have seen everybody," said he decisively.

"Yes," said I, "everybody, except Mrs. Maqueechy."

"Friend of the family," inquired the detective, with a disappointed air.

"Well," said I, "I might almost say so. She came to us not only with the best of written characters, but my wife had an interview with her late mistress, a Mrs. Ogilvie, who pronounced her a perfect treasure; and we ourselves have found her all that could be wished."

"I should like to see the perfect treasure," quoth the detective, smiling grimly; "we often find them to be the very people we want."

"Nay," said I, "but in this case your suspicions are quite groundless; Mrs. Maqueechy is a superior person, and takes an interest in us which you seldom find in a domestic, except after years of service. Besides, she is my mother-in-law's sick nurse, and most likely they have already made their arrangements for the night. It would be a pity to disturb them."

"I must see said Mrs. Maqueechy," returned my companion, gravely; "she seems altogether too charming to be missed."

"You detectives are clever fellows," replied I with irritation; "but you often spend your time very fruitlessly. It is a pity that a man can't be determined, and yet avoid being obstinate. However, since you have gone so far, you shall go through with the business."

"With that I knocked at the door, and, admitted to the sick-room, informed my mother-in-law briefly of what was taking place; while the invaluable Maqueechy retired with her usual delicacy to the dressing-room. Perhaps I spoke a little too loud—for that Mrs. Maqueechy could stoop to eavesdrop, it is hard to believe—but, at all events, that intelligent woman must have possessed herself of the substance of what I related, for when I opened the door to admit the nurse, I found her already outside, and in his custody. She had endeavored to escape through the second door of the dressing-room—"bolted like a rabbit," said the detective—but had run into the very danger she would have avoided, and there she was with a couple of handcuffs over her neat mittens.

"We know one another very well, me and Mrs. Maqueechy," observed the detectively, grimly, "I was told I should find an old friend in this house, although I had no idea who it would be until you mentioned Mrs. Ogilvie. She is very charitable, she is, in getting her fellow creatures situations in respectable families where there happens to be a good deal of plate. It was this very night that this good lady here had engaged to open her front door to her husband and a friend of his, who keeps a light cart in the mews yonder. Being a sick nurse, you see nobody would be surprised at her being about the house at all hours. Wasn't that your little game, Mrs. Maqueechy?"

"Well, I suppose it's a five-year touch?" observed that lady, with philosophic coolness.

"Well, I'm afraid it is, ma'am; since that other little business in Carlton Gardens still remains unsettled. Good by, sir; you will see Mrs. M. again, once or twice, before you have done with her; and in the mean time, you take my advice, sir, and in hiring another sick nurse for your mother-in-law, don't you apply to Mrs. Ogilvie."

And off he walked with our "perfect treasure."

IMMENSE JOKE.—A man's wife in South Bend, Indiana, presented her husband with a very fine boy. Next morning the man stepped into the Mayor's office, and stated that the night previous a fellow came stalking into his house, start naked; that he was unable to put him out, and that he was there yet. Three policemen at once started on the run to oust the intruder. When they got into the house, they asked to see the fellow that had come in the night before. The nurse "brought out the baby."

The South Responsible for its Present Condition.

The Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard* quotes from the *Sentinel*, of that city, this sentence:—"Something must be done, and quickly done, or peace will be more disastrous to the social weal even than war,," and comments upon it is as follows:—

Well, why is not something done? Your faction has supreme control in North Carolina. The Union men are despised and powerless. They are not responsible for our "disastrous social" condition. They are not responsible for that flagrant defiance of the will of the nation, and that rampant disunionism which, in effect, prolongs the war, and not only keeps capital and enterprise out of the State, but actually sends thousands of our best citizens in despair to better their fortunes in distant lands. It is your selfishness, it is your stubbornness, it is your treason, it is your want of faith which you pledged in 1865, that is completing the ruin of the State.

But you are well to do in Israel. Your favorite leaders, with treason on their tongues and hatred to the Union in their hearts, are filling the offices and handling the money and devising schemes for the future for their own especial benefit. As long as you are permitted to do this you do not wish to return to the Union. You feel that you would lose all this by returning, and so you want to remain as you are. But the people have a deep interest in this business. Granted. But what do you care about the people but to gull and fleece them and ride them as so many pack horses? When they wince, or show a disposition to have their own way, you cry, "Nigger! nigger!" as you did in 1865, and thus, by inflaming their passions, you still keep your seats. But a day of reckoning is near at hand, and thank God for it. The President, who has heretofore befriended you from the hope that you were loyal, and that you would do justice to his Union friends, will at length turn upon you in his wrath; and the Congress, seeing your contemptuous rejection of mild terms of restoration, will measure out to many of you that justice which you ought to have received in 1865. It is coming. It shall come. Peace, permanency in government and the most thorough social order. The hand of righteous power will prevent you from prolonging the war, as you are now doing. Treason will indeed be made odious, and loyalty will be respected and honored. The State will then prosper, and we shall have a new era of good feeling. People will pour into the State instead of pouring out of it. Every interest will flourish. This may not be very "quickly" done, but it is as certain as that the sun will rise to-morrow. The interests of one million of people, white and black, must not be further trifled with and injured to gratify the ambition, the selfishness and the malice of a few disunion leaders.

DUTY OF THE HOUR.—A writer in the *Atlantic Monthly*, discussing the result of the elections and the work to be done, thus forcibly argues against hesitation to take up the duty of the hour:

The country is evidently not in a condition to listen patiently for pleas for postponement however plausible, nor will it permit the responsibility to be shifted to other shoulders. Authority and power are here commensurate with the duty imposed. There are no cloud-flung shadows to obscure the way. Truth shines with brighter light and intenser heat at every moment, and a country torn, rent and bleeding, implores relief from its distress and agony. If time was at first needed, Congress has now had time. All the requisite materials from which to form an intelligent judgment are before it. Whether its members look at the origin, the progress, the termination of the war, or at the mockery of a peace now existing, they find only one unbroken chain of argument in favor of a radical policy of reconstruction. For the omissions of the last session some excuses may be allowed. A treacherous President stood in the way; and it can be easily seen how reluctant good men might be to admit an apostacy which involved so much baseness and ingratitude. It was natural that they should seek to save him by bending to him even when he leaned to the side of error. But all is changed now. Congress knows now that it must go on without his aid, and even against his machinations. The advantage of the present session over the last is immense. Where that investigated, this has the facts. Where that walked by faith, this may walk by sight. Where that halted, this must go forward, and where that failed this must succeed, giving the country such measures as where they gave no half measures merely as a means of saving the election in a few doubtful districts. That Congress saw what was right, but distrusted the enlightenment of the loyal masses; but what was foreborne in distrust of the people must now be done with the full knowledge that the people expect and require it. The members go to Washington fresh from the inspiring presence of the people. In every considerable public meeting, and in almost every conceivable way, whether at Courthouse, school-house or cross roads, in doors and out, the question has been discussed, and the people have emphatically pronounced in favor of a radical policy. Listening to the doctrines of expediency and compromise with pity, impatience and disgust, they have everywhere broken into demonstrations of the wildest enthusiasm when a brave word has been spoken in favor of equal rights and impartial suffrage. Radicalism, so far from being odious, is now the popular passport to power.

FRENCH LOVE STORY.—The following strange story is going the rounds of the Paris journals:

M. de R——, having acquired a fortune in business, retired to a handsome property near Fontainebleau. Soon after his daughter Julia, twenty-one years of age, was asked in marriage by a gentleman of the neighborhood, and in spite of her opposition and avowed repugnance, the wedding took place. In the evening the bride was missed, and the result of the researches made was only to find that the groomsman, who had been a friend to the young lady from infancy, had likewise disappeared. The father, like every one else, believed in an elopement, and all the usual means were used to trace the fugitives, but unsuccessfully. This occurred five years ago, and M. de R——, having lately purchased some adjoining property, on which was a quarry long out of use, set some men to work, who found at the bottom of an old excavation two skeletons, which from the remains of the clothes and jewels, were recognised as the missing bride and her lover."

WHAT THE BUFFALO COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER SAYS.—The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, which supported the entire Democratic ticket, after discussing the election results, winds up by saying:

The only real and indisputable demonstrations of the late elections are the two which we have dwelt upon above. The first is, that the Democratic party must pass into history as an accomplishment, and that it cannot become the exponent of conservatism; the other, that the constitutional amendments must be accepted as the ultimatum of reconstruction. If an acceptance of these two demonstrations can be wrought out in future political adjustments, we may yet be able to avoid the grave dangers which cluster around the pathway of the nation; otherwise, the future looks gloomy and full of uncertainty and danger. We have faith that both demonstrations will be made in good time.

THE CAUSE.—The New York *Tribune* thus explains the cause of the immense Democratic majorities which are piled up every year in New York City:

We have here a vast population who live by practising on the frailties and pandering to the vices of their fellow men. All who make money by others' debauchery or lewdness are natural Democrats—that is, they hate any party which seems to have a moral basis, and feel instinctively that its ascendancy threatens the impunity for immoral practices they delight in. It is vice, not ignorance, that rolls up the hideous Democratic majorities in this City.

A Paris journal says:

The event of the day is the Pontifical Allocution upon the affairs of Italy; or rather, the affairs in the whole of Europe. Since the Encyclical and the Syllabus, the Court of Rome has not pronounced words so dreadfully significant. We believe that this Allocution will receive greater importance and will produce worse effects than the documents above mentioned. The defenders of the Syllabus could say that it was a mere doctrinal and abstract exposition, which did not demand a rigorous and immediate application to the events of the present time; but such language is not applicable to-day. This last Allocution is a summons to Italy, and, in effect, to all the Catholic Powers to put in practise the principles of the Syllabus—principles purely speculative.

"Why not discharge Jeff. Davis?"—*World*.

Why not try and hang Jefferson Davis?

Why not obey the Constitution and execute the laws of the land?

What is the use of a law if it is not enforced? And if Jeff. Davis ought to be discharged, why not discharge all the convicts in Sing Sing?—*New York Post*.

A young Illinois lover procured a license without consulting his inamorata. Explanation being made, she grew very angry and told the young man "that the county clerk could not sell her for a dollar, neither could anybody else!" She remains single.

AYER'S CHERRYPECTORAL surpasses all other remedies in the rapid and radical cure of Coughs, Colds, and Consumption.

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars' Hall, corner Alder and Front streets, the First and Third Mondays in the month. Degree members in good standing are invited to attend. nov26dtf

Crystal Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 7 o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the sat7 C. T.

Willamette Lodge No. 2, F. & A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at o'clock P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. ap17tf By order of W. M.

Portland Lodge No. 20, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Wednesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the jy1 W. C. T.

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7 o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T. Portland, Nov 7, 1866. dtf

Samaritan Lodge No. 9, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the order are invited to attend. and By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge, No. 13, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month. By order of M. E. H. P.

Ellison Encampment No. 1., I. O. of O. F., Meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend. By order of C. P. no22dtf

S'i-1860-X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. Only genuine when Cork is covered by our private U. S. Stamp. Beware of counterfeits and refilled bottles.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
21 Park Row, New York.
SMITH & DAVIS, Portland, General Agts. for Oregon.

Barnes' Magnolia Water.

A toilet delight! The ladies' treasure and gentlemen's boon! The "sweetest thing" and largest quantity. Manufactured from the rich Southern Magnolia, used for bathing the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to prevent eruptions, to perfume clothing, &c. It overcomes the unpleasant odor of perspiration. It removes redness, tan, blotches, &c. It cures nervous headache and allays inflammation. It cools, softens and adds delicacy to the skin. It is rich in subdued and lasting perfume. It cures mosquito bites and stings of insects. It contains no material injurious to the skin. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere. Try the Magnolia Water once, and you will use no other Cologne, Perfumery, or Toilet Water afterwards.

DEMAS BARNES & CO.,
Props. Exclusive Agents, New York.
Sold by all Dealers on the Pacific Coast.

Mustang Liniment.

Intrinsic virtue alone could ever insure the success met by the Mexican Mustang Liniment. For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Swellings, etc., upon man, or Spavin, Ringbone, Poll Evil, Scratches, Strains, etc., upon beasts, its effects are instantaneous, soothing and wonderful. It saves time, suffering and expense to have it always in the house. None genuine unless in a steel plate label, with signature of G. W. Westbrook, and having stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. over the top.

Sold by all Dealers.

Lyon's Kathairon.

Lyon's Kathairon is a most delightful article as a Hair Dressing—to eradicate scurf and dandruff, to keep it clean, soft, and silky, and the head cool. It also prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray, and promotes its growth upon prematurely bald heads. It is sold by all dealers. E. THOMAS LYON, N. Y.

Lyon's Extract Jamaica Ginger.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flatulence, etc., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cts. per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other.

CAUTION.—See that the private U. S. stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. is over each bottle. None other is genuine.

Lyon's Flea Powder.

DEATH TO FLEAS.—It is well known that Lyon's genuine Magnetic Powder will perfectly destroy every thing in the shape of fleas, ticks, bed-bugs, roaches, etc.; that it is perfect poison to the insect tribe, but entirely harmless to the human species and domestic animals. The genuine has the signature of E. LYON, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

NEW YORK BAKERY

F. C. HORNUNG,
9 North Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

KEEPS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF all Kinds of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS of superior quality, at low rates.

Also, of his own manufacture, all kinds of CRACKERS, PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES and BREAD.

Also, a choice lot of RUSSIAN CAVIAR, by the package to suit purchasers.

Also, a fine lot of OLD "OTARD BRANDY," by the gallon.

☞ Orders from the Interior solicited and promptly attended to. au3d1pif

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no10 between Band C. dawtf

CHAS. BLACH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—WASHINGTON ST., corner of Front, Parrish's Block, opposite Oregonian office, Portland, Oregon.
OFFICE HOURS—7 to 9 A. M. and 4 to 6 P. M au10tf

DR. A. J. HOFFMANN,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Dalles, Oregon.
nov29 dlptf

J. F. KELLOGG,
DENTIST.
Main Street, Dalles City.

OFFICE.—IN THE ROOMS FORMERLY OCCUPIED by Dr. Gurley.
Dr. K. has had sixteen years' experience as a Dentist. Work Warranted. Charges Reasonable.
nov20dlm

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMEOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.
Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, March 10, 1864. dtf

DR. G. W. BROWN

HAS LOCATED IN PORTLAND, for CARTER'S NEW BUILDING, for the permanent cure of all private diseases, such as syphilis, gonorrhea, gleet, strictures &c. He also calls the attention of those suffering with

DISEASES OF THE EYES

to call at his office and be at once restored. Surgical operations SKILFULLY performed on the EYES for film, cataract, strabismus or cross eyes

Below are some of the many testimonials:

This is to certify that I, John B. Jodwan, was blind for over nine years, and I tried all means of a cure, and and many doctors, and all of no effect, and I spent all the means I had. Finally, I had to become a county charge, and when I was taken to Dr. G. W. Brown, never stated my case to him, and misfortune, he at once commenced to treat my eyes, and now I am well, and can commend all those that are suffering with diseases of the eyes to call on Dr. G. W. Brown. The reason why I do this is to let suffering humanity know where they can be cured. J. B. JODWAN.

STATE OF OREGON, Marion County, ss.—Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of November, 1866.
SETH R. HAMMER, Notary Public.

SATURDAY, Feb. 10, 1866.

This is to certify that my daughter was almost blind for over seven years, and was doctored by other physicians without obtaining any relief, when finally I took her to Dr. G. W. Brown, who examined her case, and at once began to treat her, and her sight has been entirely restored. I do this to let those who are suffering with diseases of the eyes know where they can obtain a cure. It has been three years since her eyes were cured, and they are yet sound.

THOMAS LIVINGSTON,
Deer Creek Precinct, Douglas county, Oregon.

SALEM, July 21, 1866.

This is to certify that I was blind for over four months, and almost blind for one year and a half; I tried several eye doctors but received no benefit; I had almost given my case up as hopeless when fortunately I heard of Dr. G. W. Brown, now of Salem. I was induced to try him; he performed a surgical operation on my eyes, and in a short time I was able to begin to recover, and in a short time I was perfectly cured. I do this in justice to one who rescued me from a fate, worse than death, and also for the benefit of those who are laboring under similar afflictions that they may know where they can get relief. It is now about eight months since my eyes were cured and they still remain good. I can see to read the finest print without difficulty, and my eyes can bear the strongest light without pain.

ALEXANDER MITCHELL.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 21st day of July, A. D., 1866.
SETH R. HAMMER,
de6dtf Notary Public.

To Soldiers Claiming Bounties
UNDER THE
EQUALIZATION BOUNTY BILL!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RECENTLY RETURNED FROM WASHINGTON CITY, where he has made the proper arrangements for the collections of the Extra Bounty of $100 allowed to all soldiers enlisted after the 19th day of April, 1861, for a period of not less than three years, and $50 for soldiers enlisted for a period of not less than two years.

Persons entitled to the benefits of said Bounty will find it to their interest to attend to its collection at once. Having an Agent at Washington, and personal knowledge of the mode of making collections through the Departments, I can get your claims through.

☞ Call with your Discharge, and two witnesses for Identification, at the Publication Office of the *Daily Oregonian*, No. 5 Washington St., Portland.

A. BUSHWILER, Claim Agent.

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE PAYMENT OF BOUNTIES, UNDER THE ACT TO EQUALIZE BOUNTIES, APPROVED JULY 28, 1866.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, September 18, 1866.

1. All applications shall be filed within the period of six months, from the 1st day of October, 1866, and before any payments are made, shall be classified by regiments, battalions companies or organizations, and no application filed after that period shall be settled until after the former shall have been paid.

2. No application shall be entertained unless accompanied by the original discharge of the soldier and the affidavit required by the fourteenth section of the Act, and the further affidavit that he has not received, nor is he entitled to receive from the United States, under any laws or regulations prior to the Act of July 28, 1866, more than $100 bounty for any and all military service rendered by him during the late rebellion, over and above the amount therein claimed.

3. All applications for the additional bounty authorized by the Act from surviving soldiers shall be in the form hereinafter prescribed, and the evidence of identity shall be the same as is now required, and applications from the heirs of deceased soldiers shall be in the form now required by the Treasury Department.

4. As soon as the examination of the claims of any regiment, or other independent organization, shall have been properly acted upon the Paymaster General shall take the necessary steps for their prompt payment.

5. A register shall be kept in the Paymaster General's office, and also in the office of the Second Auditor, of all claims presented under the law, in which the claimants will be classified by regiments, etc. If the claims be allowed, the amount of bounty paid to each will be noted, and if rejected the cause of rejection will be distinctly stated.

6. In the applications for bounty, as required by the third of these rules, the affidavit shall state each and every period of service rendered by the claimant, and also that he never served otherwise than as herein stated.

7. Organizations irregularly in the service of the United States, or called out for special purposes, as State Militia, Home Guards, etc., and not included in the general bounty laws, are not included within the meaning of the Act.

8. Soldiers enlisted for "three years or during the war," who were discharged by reason of the termination of the war, shall be considered as having served out the period of their enlistment, and are entitled to bounty under this Act.

9. The minority of heirs, claimants for bounty under this Act, must be proven to have existed at the date of his decease. Parents shall receive jointly the bounty to which they may be entitled as heirs, unless the father has abandoned the support of his family, in which case it shall be paid to the mother. Non-residence in the United States shall not be a bar to the claim of heirs, who would otherwise legally inherit.

The provisions of the Act exclude from its benefits the following classes:

1. Those who, after serving the full period of their enlistment, were dishonorably discharged at its expiration.

2. Those discharged during enlistment by way of favor or punishment.

3. Those discharged on account of disability contracted in the service, but not occasioned by wounds received "in the line of duty," who shall not have previously served two or three years respectively at the time of discharge.

4. Those discharged on account of disability existing at the time of their enlistment.

5. The heirs of those who have died since their discharge of wounds or disease not contracted in the service and in the line of duty.

6. The surviving soldiers and heirs of deceased soldiers who, under previous laws, have received or are entitled to receive a bounty of more than $100 from the United States.

7. The surviving soldiers, as well as the heirs of deceased soldiers, when such soldiers have bartered, sold, assigned, loaned, transferred, exchanged or given away their final discharge papers, or any interest in the bounty provided by this or any other Act of Congress.

8. The Act of the 28th of July, 1866, creates no right of inheritance beyond those vested by the law under which the soldier received or were entitled to receive the original bounty, and debars certain classes, brothers and sisters of heirs that were entitled to receive the original bounty, from any claim for the additional bounty provided by this Act.

Respectfully referred to the Attorney General for his opinion on the point whether the rules and regulations as within amended are in conformity with law.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
September 14, 1866. Secretary of War.

I have examined these amended regulations, and am of opinion they are in conformity with law.

HENRY STANBERY,
September 15, 1866. Attorney General.

The foregoing rules and regulations are published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

By order of the Secretary of War,

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

N. B.

Persons residing at a great distance can have their claims attended to by sending me their "Discharge," Postoffice address and place of enlistment.

A. BUSHWILER.

Farms for Sale.

A FARM OF 240 ACRES, WITHIN TWO MILES of Oregon City, for sale at a very reasonable price.

ALSO, A FARM OF 320 ACRES, thirteen miles from Portland on the Boon's Ferry road.

Apply at the Washington Hotel, corner of Second and Alder streets, Portland, Oregon.
Sept. 17, 1866. dtf J. KOENIG.

Boots and Shoes,

UP STAIRS; A LARGE STOCK.